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AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

Per F.M.S. NIGER

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THE ITALIAN EXHIBITION

March 20th.

The Italian exhibition which will be inaugurated to-day in this city is another proof of the enterprise of the foreigners in the Plate, and loses nothing of its industrial significance from the present troubled state of Europe or the terrible character of the Havas telegrams.

Without Government subsidy or protection of any kind, the Italians have organized this exhibition which after all, possesses a higher importance for both the Italian and Argentine than the mere character or quality of the articles exhibited. It is not many years ago since there was scarcely a word hard enough for the poor Italians arriving on these shores, who embraced the very humblest walks in life to gain a honest living, and how far, by their industry sobriety and enterprise, they have outlived that Porteño prejudice may be judged by their splendid institutions, which grace this city at every point.

The Italians, by their exhibition to-day, show their countrymen at home that round the world there is no soil more genial to the countrymen of Petrarch than the Plate, and President Roca is in his place in standing patron of a feast which claims all our best sympathies and happy hopes.

Our colleague the *Operario Italiano* gives the following respecting this feast of Industry and flow of Art—

"The locale presents a varied and attractive sight: Here are festoons of flowers, here the coats of arms of Italian cities, there more flowers, then the escutcheons of the Argentine provinces, and then a splendid picture, glowing with colour, representing the Apotheosis of Work, and showing that the artist has hit the Italian workman's sympathetic chord.

"Yesterday the finishing touch was given to the painting and internal arrangements of the building, and the clock was placed over the grand entrance. Mr Eugenio Riva placed a fire engine at the orders of the Committee, in case of accidents, and Mr Rivolta has sent a fireladder on the Milan model.

"The other night, Sig. Chiarini, indefatigable Inspector of the Exhibition, together with all the peones, passed the whole of it hard at work getting the exhibits, which had literally poured in on the closing days, into order, and the night before last they had similar labour. But everything is now in its place.

"Outside, men are working night and day to complete the paving of the street in front of the Palace. Inside the passages are lined on each side with little 'ghialas' from Montevideo, and the effect is most beautiful, giving greater prominence to the different exhibits. Sig. Dordoni has contributed some beautiful palms and ornamental plants.

"Yesterday Dr del Viso, Minister of the Interior, and Dr Victorica, Chief of the Agricultural Department, paid a private visit to the Palace. Messrs Chiarini and Maraini received them and showed them round the Exhibition, and our reporter, a good and brawny workman, acted as 'cicerone.' Dr del Viso at once made for the machinery department and expressed himself as delighted with it. In the furniture section a beautiful billiard table and a library fairly surprised him. Sig. Poggi then sat down at his organ, and the distinguished visitor could hardly believe that an Argentine had made the instrument. In the Fine Arts Hall a portrait of Gen. Roca seemed to please the Minister greatly, as also an oil painting representing a market for female slaves, and another showing a workman lecturing his son for not studying his lessons. The drawings of the pupils of the 'Unione y Benevolenza' School elicited the warmest praise Do. do. H.E., and equal praise was accorded to a picture sent by the Girls' School of the Unione Operai.

"The hall in which general industrial exhibits are ranged caused Dr. Del Viso more surprise than ever, the variety of skins claiming his first attention. The Azul marbles, artificial stones, busts and the great clock were the last things that fell under Dr del Viso's eye, and he admired them greatly. Before leaving, the Minister congratulated Signor Maraini warmly on the simplicity and perfect taste of the building, the latter remarking that it would have been larger but for the scarcity of funds. His Excellency said on leaving: 'I congratulate the Italian residents and the promoters of the Exhibition, which shows what a high degree of progress they have attained.'

March 22nd.

On Sunday, at 3 o'clock, the first Italian Exhibition ever given in these countries was inaugurated by President Roca. Notwithstanding the intense heat of the day, the attendance was so crowded that the spacious buildings and gardens were taxed to their utmost to accommodate the people. Long before the appointed hour, not only the Exhibition building and grounds, but also the adjoining streets were crowded. In front of the grand entrance Col. Donovan, with the whole of the 8th of the Line, held the street, whilst hundreds of Italian gentlemen, with silver and gold medals and rosettes, attended to see that the many distinguished guests were duly accommodated,

All the various Italian clubs marched in procession with bands playing and colours flying, and to some few of the spectators not the least interesting feature of the ceremony was these serried ranks of Italian tradesmen, all well-dressed and neat, entering the building and numbering so many thousands that one gave up the task of counting. That the Italian Exhibition is one of the greatest lessons for us all none can deny, since it establishes a virility and organization amongst the trading classes that, perhaps, few of us were aware of, and demonstrates a higher standard of class respectability, class comfort, class prosperity and class independance than can be found not only in Italy itself but in most parts of Europe.

Sharp at 3 o'clock the band struck up the National Anthem, and the President's carriage, escorted by a squadron of Hussars, drew up at the grand entrance. President Roca, with Count Favar, Italian Minister, Sr. Zoccola, President of the Committee, and follow by Sr. Dn. F. Madero, Vice-President of the Republic, Dr. del Visc. Minister of the Interior, Dr. Victorica, Minister of War, Sr, Cortines, Finance Minister, Lord Mayor Alvear, Admiral Cordero, Dr. Plaza, late Minister of Hacienda, Dr. Cittadini, Dr. Pellegrini, late War Minister, Srs. Cano, Parodi, de la Barra, Geo. W. Atkins, Dr. Llambi Campbell, Charles Davis, Seedorf, Cranwell, Diaz Velez, and hundreds of others whose names we forget, entered the main building, which was beautifully decorated. President Roca took his seat at the head of the table, with the Italian Minister, and Sr. Zocola President of Committee, on either side,

The grand Italian band, composed exclusively of Italian professors, now struck up the 'Oid Mortales,' and the vast audience stood uncovered. The 'coup d'œil' at that moment was one never to be forgotten. The young man at the head of the table, with the large sash of office, which contrasted with his light, bright, juvenile countenance (President Roca) looked at the moment every inch an Englishman or a German.

When the music ceased Sr. Zoccola read, in exquisite Italian, a beautiful address composed for the occasion, at the conclusion of which

President Roca rose and in a clear, emphatic tone said—

Gentlemen,

I have accepted with pleasure the honour of inaugurating this humble feast, begun and successfully carried out by humble Italian workmen, who spared no expense, and without the slightest help from any Government, achieved this success; and whatever be its proportions, this Exhibition is an unmistakable sign of progress, which reveals the prosperity and aggrandizement of a nation.

Exhibitions are the highest, most civilized and most refined expression of the daily contest of man for existence, owing to their eminently fraternal and cosmopolitan spirit.

Unlike the tournament of the middle ages, when feudal lords assembled covered in armour ready for fight. Unlike the battle-fields of civil strife, where ignoble ambition leads to slaughter, the Exhibition is the modern contest of human labour, which, far from bearing desolation and death, opens new horizons to human activity.

Noble competition assembles men of every race and every clime, with the fruits of the soil, the products of their industries, their arts, their sciences and all the manifestations of work. On a neutral ground they meet to mutually study and perfect their exhibits. We see animosities banished, and the breath which universal progress advances, animates the Asiatic, the European and the American—the offspring on ancient civilization of nations on the pinnacle of progress, of young countries marching to the conquest of their great destiny and illumined by the rays of hope.

At the end of the 18th century in the infancy of the French Revolution, the first Exhibition was held; but only in the nineteenth century did Exhibitions reach their full development, and this period may well be termed the century of Exhibitions as well as of steam, electricity and of other great discoveries achieved by human intelligence.

Paris, London, Vienna and Philadelphia have astonished the world with their colossal Exhibitions, which represented all the conquests of learning, intelligence and work, in proportion never dreamt of during the grandeur of Rome, nor harboured in an Oriental imagination, when the fabulous bazaars were held in Persian India. Thus, as universal Exhibitions foster peace, prosperity, friendship and unity amongst the nations of the earth, the local Exhibitions bind guilds and societies together, evidence the public wealth, the producing faculties of the nation and its progress; therefore, any meeting of the kind, however humble, although the present one is far from being so, should meet with our support and our applause. Public and private wealth are increased, order and peace are insured, if we honour industry, foment and perfect the means of production.

A philosopher has said that he who works is free, and this is a great truth amongst individuals and nations. When I look on the smiling feast, organized by an humble group of Italian workmen, radicated to the soil, their second fatherland, my satisfaction is great as an Argentine and a Magistrate. I have always witnessed with the greatest sympathy the powerful current of Italian immigration, which incessantly increases our producing powers The Italian is no stranger in the Argentine Republic, for whose liberties he has often shed his generous blood. When, landing on our hospitable shores, he hails the climate, the haven, the customs and the language of his mother country, he finds a country generously opening its arms to him, offering him comfort and labour under the wing of liberty and the most perfect democratic equality.

Italians, we owe you a great debt. The greater number of agriculturists who till our lands are Italians: Italians those who man our river craft, who embellish our cities with the improvement of modern architecture, and those who foster arts on our soil. To-day you give us another proof of your prolific activity in this Exhibition, which is in reality an Argentine Exhibition. It would have been, perhaps, better to have called it Italo-Argentine, thus interpreting the sympathies, the traditions and commercial interests between Italy and the Argentine Republic, and the reciprocal fusion of both populations.

When this country reaches the pitch of greatness in store for it at no distant day, you can proudly exclaim. 'We have helped to form this Argentine Nation with our blood, with the sweat of our brow, our example, our labour and our intellect, strengthening in its sons the instinct of greatness and expansion which we inherited from our ancestors, the conquerors of the world.'

Mr President of the Central Committee,

I congratulate you, the Committee and all the workmen, artizans and manufacturers who have organised this Feast of Labour. May it be but the forerunner of others of greater importance in the Argentine Metropolis, and which it will be a duty for the National Government to aid. The Minister of the Interior will hand to you the certificates and medals which the Judges may award as prizes.

Gentlemen

I declare the Exhibition open.

Presidente Roca, during the delivery of his splendid address, was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause. The band then played a march especially composed for the occasion, after which Sr. Giovanni Mondelli read the inaugural act, which was signed by the President and others. The Garibaldi hymn was next played, and then President Roca, accompanied by the Italian Minister, the President of the Committee, Sr. Madero, Vice-President of the Republic, and the Cabinet Ministers strolled through the building, first visiting the furniture department, which really astonished every one. Clear it is that we have no longer any need to send to Europe for furniture, since the Italian cabinetsmakers of Buenos Aires make as good as any to be had in Europe. The organ, we believe the firsts ever made in this city, was played and its music filled the edifice; it was made by Dr. Alberto Poggio. We shall reserve for a future chapter a detailed description of the different 'salas' with their exhibits. The place was so thronged that it was impossible to take notes; as for the Italians, they seemed overjoyed with their most brilliant success. We never before saw such an Italian gathering: on every side we met the descendants of Dante, Petrarch, Boccacio, Lorenzo de Medici Bojardo, Rienzi, Ariosto, with here and there the chiselled features of a Francisco de Rimini. At night the place was illuminated, and what with the lights, the music and the crush of people, one was fain to ask, can all this be possible in Buenos Ayres?

ARGENTINE COMMERCE

Vicount San Januario, one of the most distinguished statesmen in Portugal, and who, some two years ago, was sent by the King on a special mission to South America, has published a highly important report on what he saw and learned on this continent, and our esteemed colleague *La Tribuna Nacional* is doing excellent service in giving this publication to the public, in a series of chapters. That on the Trade of the Argentine Republic is of the highest interest, and we give the Viscount's figures hereunder. His Excellency shows that this Republic's trade has, of late years, developed in a greater ratio than that of any other nation in the world, according to the figures supplied to him by the late M. Vaillant, Chief of the Statistical Department at Montevideo, which are these—

Countries	Increase per cent yearly Average
Argentine Republic	14 8
Franche	10 2
Chile	8
United States	7
Brazil	8 2
Norway	7 4
Holland	7 5
Belgium	7 1
Denmark	6 1
England	5 2
Portugal	3 6
Russia	1 4
Italy	0 2

The nations of Asia are stationary, and, with the exception of France, those of the Old World are showing a much less rapid commercial development than the countries of the New, in proportion to population etc., South American nations leading the van in this respect. Viscount Januario considers (and justly) that the enormous natural resources of this republic are more than sufficient to force it ahead, and that industry and manufactures will come gradually with increased population, without Protection or any other artificial means, which only damage the general interests of the country and never achieve their object,

During the past eight years the trade of the Argentine Republic was as follows—

	Hard Dollars Imports	Exports
1870	47,539,950	29,248,146
1871	44,157,238	26,125,930
1872	59,999,143	45,743,192
1873	71,065,199	45,869,314
1874	55,961,177	43,104,712
1875	55,765,6 9	50,311,400
1876	34,910,290	46,335,6 5
1877	39,309,141	43,893,6 9

Hides, tallow, wool and animal oils, hair and preserved meats formed the bulk of the exports; but the products of the country are so numerous and varied that the exportation is certain to increase rapidly, and already there is a large export of wheat, valuable timber, fruits etc.

This country imports from the nations of the world in the following proportions—

From Europe	73-07 per cent
From America	21-14 do
From various	5-64 do
From Asia	0-15 do

The import trade from Europe showed the following proportions up to 1876

From England	40 per cent
France	30 do
Spain	8 do
Italy	7 do
Germany	5 do
Belgium	4 do
Portugal, Sweden Norway	33 do
Holland	2 do

In exports the figures are—

To Belgium	39 per cent
France	26 do
England	21 do
Italy	5 do
Germany	38 do
Spain	3 do
Portugal	0·09 do
Others	·89 do

The imports of wine were:—

From	Litres
Germany	2,176
Belgium	880,294
Brazil	2,571
Spain	18,546,548
Uruguay	2,108,810
U. States	45,600
France	21,572,465
England	35,023
Italy	2,662,376
Portugal	60,535
Others	6,534
In transit	2,295,113

The figures for Portugal are, according to Viscount Januario, much under the real mark, and most of the imports from Brazil and England are also of Portuguese wines. The large amount of wines imported by the republic from Belgium is a very remarkable fact. The wine imported from Uruguay is exclusively European, deposited in Montevideo for reshipment.

According to the figures given, each inhabitant of the republic consumes annually 30,000 reis worth of imports, whereas in Portugal the figure is only 6000 reis per head. For a long time past economists have observed that the nations of America consume fully four times as much articles of luxury as the European nations.

The estancias of the republic (its principal source of wealth) contain—

	Head	Value pats.
Horses	4,000,000	18,000,000
Asses	300,000	730,000
Mules	132,125	2,429,835
Cows	15,000,000	100,000,000
Sheep	60,000,000	90,000,000
Goats	300,000	3,000,000
Swine	320,000	2,000,000
Total	82,752,125	214,359,835

In spite of these enormous numbers, which are yearly increasing, years and years must elapse before the immense territories of the republic are as fully stocked as they ought to be. Several estancieros having imported the very best animals Europe produces, the native breeds are rapidly improving. The Pampa horse, a marvel of decelily and endurance, is also being greatly improved by crossing.

ENTRE RIOS LAND AUCTION.

Few who know anything of E. Rios and its contemporary history will be surprised to learn that the great auction of the Cerrito estancia, by order of the Nat. Bank, and called for last Wednesday by one of the best auctioneering firms in the Plate, Messrs Bulrich & Co, proved a dead failure.

The property is beyond question one of the finest in the Republic; it is located but a few leagues above the town of Parana, with a frontage of 3 leagues on that majestic river, and stretching back into a rich and beautiful country bisected by running streams and fringed with valuable cedar, algarroba and nandubay woods. All that nature could do for the property she has done, and with a lavish hand: the grasses or pasturages are some of the richest and best, and the area of the property is such as to admit of estancia, colony and agricultural business being carried on, on the largest and most magnificent scale. Wealthy as some of the English and Irish nobles are, we know of none whose name figures in the Doomsday book as sole owner of a property containing 240,000 acres. Lord Leitrim owns but one half, and much of which is bog; but for rich fertile arable and with woods and water, and even navigable port, there is no property in Ireland to rival the Cerrito,

It will be at once supposed that when so very valuable an estate is offered in this market, where we all have a touch of the farmer or estanciero, where money is easy and hypothecary credit so cheap that even the very Municipality talks of raising money on bonds and mortgages, the only check to the sale is too high a valuation or too large an upset price fixed; but, so far from this, the Cerrito estancia has been hawked about this market until the real estate brokers wore out their boots, has been offered to every banker in Threadneedle-street and every guttersnipe on Corn-hill; has been pamphletised in the very best French on the Boulevard des Italiens, and yet all to no purpose. The property could not be sold, simply because IT IS IN ENTRE RIOS.

In this penultimate effort of our friend, Bulrich, we find that the basis of the sale was 160,000 patacons gold, which gives about 4,000 patacons a square league, being from thirty to forty per cent. cheaper than what the Venado Tuerto lands averaged, and some fifty per cent. under what the Cordova and Santa Fe lands were sold for in London the other day to the new company, which we duly announced. To suit, or to allure, or to captivate the sheep farmers, Bulrich offered to split the concern up in lots assimulating with game 15. No effort was left untried to float the concern, but it failed, and it ever will fail, when the Government of a province, by its withering taxation and grasping laws, frightens capital, industry, enterprize and intelligence from the land as Entre Rios has done, and continues to do.

The greatest *lark* imaginable (thinking the people would *swallow* it) is Bulrich advertising this property for sale in all the papers as 39½ square leagues of the finest campa 'tero-tero' ever flew over, a property suitable for all the great enterprizes which give such splendid results in these countries, a territory sufficient for the largest capital and for the largest family—39½ square leagues in a single block—and yet whilst Bulrich is doing his best, the lawyers and legislators of Entre Rios are neutralizing all his efforts, and bringing in before the Entre Riano Legislature a Draconian law which prohibits, under heavy fine, parties holding estancias of larger area than three leagues, The project is now before the Entre Riano Chambers, and even with a prospect of being carried. The law provided the usual Contribucion Directa for the first three leagues and double that for each succeeding three leagues. We leave it to our readers to judge the effect of such an outrageous law in a province where few till the earth, and an estancia of three leagues is considered but a mere sheep 'puesto.'

Entre Rios, if one of the richest is also one of the most neglected of Argentine provinces. The place reminds one of the poet's description of Avernus. It is easy to get into but impossible to get out of. To realize property in Entre Rios is the hardest of all tasks, but to buy property there the easiest of enterprizes The utter failure of this Cerrito auction should not escape the press of Entre Rios, and we trust that our colleagues up there will fairly explain to the legislators and rulers the causes which checked the sale and debarred foreign capital entering that country.

LATEST FROM MENDOZA.

To the Editor of the *Standard*,

Dear Sir,

Since my last advices no news has been received here from the frontier line, as far as I can learn, though several most extraordinary reports have been put into circulation by parties evidently maliciously inclined. In this instance, certainly, we may presume that 'no news' is almost equivalent to good news, as the news received from Chile of the descent of large bodies of Indians, in the direction towards the Neuquen frontier line, make it clear that the forces under the command of Colonel Ortega have their enemy in pretty close proximity and will, no doubt, sooner or later, give a pretty good account of him. Should he find himself obliged to cover any great extent of frontier he will be short of troops, for the assistance sent him is far from being sufficient even to make up for the losses he has already sustained.

Not having seen anything of the Carnival festivities I cannot give you any account of them; however, I am assured they were for Mendoza unusually lively; at all events, they seem to have passed off with great order, very little noise and free from disturbance. The masked balls at the theatre have not been a great success, and it is even wonderful a party should have been found to undertake them, in the face of the fact that a sufficiently numerous class does not exist here for the support of such entertainments, and the majority of those who spend their nights there were much better at home in their beds. For Sunday next the 'entierro de Carnaval' is announced, the Corso forming in the Plaza Cobos, and starting from in front of the theatre. The little square called Cobos is the most central one in the commercial portion of the town, and is now undergoing some considerable improvements. The centre has been selected as a site to serve as a clock-tower. The clock, which had been ordered from Europe, is already in the possession of the Municipality, and the building in course of construction promises to be a very graceful and ornamental structure, about 16 metres in height from its foundation, very solidly built, and said to be capable of withstanding the greatest of earthquakes.

The theatre, which is built on one corner of the plaza, is not a very imposing building, but still it adds to the appearance of the place, and it has as 'vis a vis,' on the opposite corner, the handsomest private building in the town, built by Dn. Daniel Gonzalez, of banking notoriety, and on another corner a stately edifice is rapidly rising into view, which is to replace the old San Francisco Church, so that Mendoza can boast the possession of two as handsome squares as any that are to be found in a town of its size in South America.

We have had great locust alarms, large crowds of them having been seen some few leagues off; but up to the present the threatened invasion has not taken place, and it seems they are not much to be feared for this season,

On the 23d or 24th of last month we had one of the heaviest falls of rain, accompanied by a great deal of wind, and winding up with a hail-storm, that have been seen here for many years: fortunately it was not of long duration, nor even the hailstones of sufficient size to do much mischief, so that beyond the rooting up of some trees, and the loss of a certain portion of fruit, no great damage has occurred.

We seem to be mending here in many respects: people are gradually awakening to the prospect of better times, and one actually hears the intended immigration movement spoken of with admiration, a circumstance without precedent in this corner of the world, where the term 'gringo,' understood in its most offensive sense, is applied without distinction to all foreigners, who from time immemorial have been looked upon here rather as a nuisance to be endured, and certainly not a visitor to be welcomed and desired.

An early mail will probably take you some more interesting information from

Your own Correspondent.

THE ATLANTIC FOR THE ARGENTINES.
THE PACIFIC FOR THE CHILIANS.

When publishing the captured despatch of the Peruvian Minister in this city to his Government in Lima, we had occasion to compliment the Argentine Government on such irrefragable proof of its strict neutrality and straightforward policy towards Chile. Minister Sanchez's abuse of our public men and of our Government was the most telling evidence in favour of Argentine political honesty. This captured note, we predicted, would do more to bring about a favourable arrangement of our disputes with Chile than a dozen embassies or special missions from Santiago, The mails just in from Chile bring us the fullest confirmation of our views, and we spread out for our readers this morning the following glowingly splendid article, from the pen of the first writer in Chile, Vacuña Mackenna, on the captured despatch and its secret advices—

The Atlantic for Argentines.
The Pacific for Chilians.

This is the new banner which this distinguished Chilian writer hoists on the broken seals of Minister Sanchez's despatch. Every one who takes an interest in this country will read with pleasure the following article, and congratulate Chile that she has such sons as Vicuña Mackenna:—

The now famous note taken from the Peruvian archives in Lima and published on Friday last, is another victory for Chile, less brilliant, perhaps, than those which have brought Peru on her knees, but no less substantial and valuable as regards the future, as it opens the horizon of peace at the very point on which, for eight years past, the most treacherous efforts have been made to mass the elements of a storm, which, however, has not burst. The note of the Envoy, Gomez Sanchez, the Jeremiah of the Plate, shines like a rainbow amongst the clouds.

This most important document (specially important because it is sincere, confidential and penitent) discloses a political and international phenomenon which, to the writer of these lines, has always been as patent as the light of day, although many could see nothing in it but war, and chaos, viz., the instinctive, absolute and invincible repugnance of Argentine statesmen to turn their back on the natural, evident and magnificent destinies of their country, and compromise them by meddling in dangers and difficulties that could in nothing aid its progress or natural aggrandisement.

In vain has been the clamour of the Press; in vain the allies on the Pacific have sent embassy after embassy to the Plate; in vain have the events of the war been systematically misrepresented, from the theory of conquest to that of a massacre of Italians; everything has failed to provoke the Argentines to armed action against Chile, or even a hostile or threatening demonstration, And why? Because, forsooth, the Argentines had not gunpowder and war vessels? Because the Envoys of the Allies lacked the duplicity and persuasive power required to convince them? Because the Press had ceased to add fuel to the flame and fan it to the utmost with both lungs?

No! All this has been done on a large scale. For two years war has been openly advocated; designs of Transatlantic aggression have been unceasingly attributed to Chile; all the wiles of diplomacy and the brutalities of calumny have been used to drive the two nations into war; and, in spite of all this, on every occasion when Peruvian agents have tried to guide the reins of Argentine policy, the stubborn mule has stood stock-still with them in the middle of the Pampa.

And, may we ask the cause of this phenomenon? It is simple, ineludible as Logic, obvious as History, indestructible as the Andes. Because the Argentines have no interests worth shedding one drop of blood for in these seas, or in this part of America, just as the Chilians have no political or material interests involved on the remote waves of the Atlantic. They are sister nations, two dynamic but harmonious forces; one race divided into two branches, as a river flowing through two beds, but with a single object, irrigation. They are two missionaries of Civilisation placed face to face, not to fight, but to develop, each in its own sphere and showing parallel growth. And this is the reason why every artificial effort made to counteract this tendency, which acts with almost the force of a divine command, is frittered away in its own friction, is utterly sterile, and finally ends in a flood of tears, such as those shed in the note of the Peruvian Jeremiah, who weeps on the coast of the Atlantic over the ruin of the modern Babylon of the Pacific.

The sea has swallowed up the Peruvians as it did Pharaoh, through their violating the Ocean's laws; but the mission of the Argentine People lies on their boundless plains and navigable rivers, as that of Chile, a maritime nation from its birth, is on the rolling waves of the Pacific. And yet it is sought to interfere with these distinct logical and derivative lines of action by forcing them to clash by artifice and expediency. As well try to level the Andes and make a mound of them instead of a barrier.

The Plate, a river, not the sea, and which is, with its affluents, the real Argentine Litoral, not the arid and stormy coasts of Tierra del Fuego, does not flow towards the Pacific, but in an opposite direction. In an inverse sense the Andes chain, a high and impassable barrier between both countries, even for frenzied madmen, a bandage of snow on the head of fever-stricken patients, a strait-waistcoat on the ribs of lunatics, slopes eastward in all parts, but, nevertheless, opens to our civilizing footsteps at all points where our boundary line touches Peru and Bolivia.

And these eternal landmarks of Nature, which assign a separate path to each country, will always be more powerful than human tricks and tears, as no one has a right to run his head against his manifest destiny, even should he desire to do so. Individually, men may commit suicide with a razor, a revolver, or even a packing-needle' as Admiral Villanueve did after the battle of Trafalgar: but, up to the present, no Dr Guillotin has invented a machine powerful enough to enable a whole nation to decapitate itself. For this reason even Peru, in spite of the attack of hydrophobia she has had, and having her heart bitten by a mad Dictator, will live, and live in spite of herself.

So true is what we have said respecting the paths and progress marked out for nations that, while Chilian diplomatists have had more than one headache in trying to get at the bottom of Brazil's intentions in any questions we have had with her affecting us, the Argentines, who have a thousand difficult and dangerous matters to settle with her, we now learn—through the adorable candour of the Rimac, Plenipotentiary in the Plate—have not taken the slightest trouble to 'explore' (this is the correct word) the views of Brazil in reference to a joint hostile action against Chile, or even a simple diplomatic demonstration to our disadvantage. Again, why is this? Through the ill will indolence or cowardice of the Argt. Foreign Office, as, in his just anger and acknowledged desperation, the Peruvian emissary, prior to his country's final disaster declared?

No again. It is because the Argentines, who always sleep with one eye open, have an invincible objection to pestering themselves about the affairs of their neighbour on the Atlantic, when the only thing of any interest to them is that their own waters should remain calm. And the Argentines, in so acting, are logical and float with the tide of History, as the Ocean follows the Moon. They acted so in the Pacific war in 1865, because the Pacific is not their sea; and, if we then accused them of egoism, and want of foresight, wisdom and firmness, of all which they are now accused by the Peruvian Minister, we could not accuse them of want of sympathy, as they had it for us then as they have it for Peru now. What we were really accusing was a historical fact, a course as immutable as the Polar Star, which points the mariner's way to the North, or the Southern Cross which guides him to the South, a course that may vary a little in an hour or a day, through the neglect or folly of the captain, but which must inevitably be resumed when the squall blows over.

This is the broad and comprehensive policy of the Argentines towards Chile, and when the artificial causes [no real ones exist] of the misunderstanding between the two countries are removed, the case will be like that of England and France, whose hatred of race, from Cressy and Agincourt to Salamanca and Waterloo, disappeared 60 years ago with the Pitts and Napoleons, to give place to the natural policy of mutual interest and peaceable development. All the nations of Europe fight each other except the neighbours on the Channel. The Orsini bombs and French Colonels affairs suddenly sprang up, but no swords were drawn. And in this way it can be always explained how Great Britain, sleeping with one eye closed and the other watching Russia [the Brazil of Europe] and jumping up as if bitten by a snake at every frown of the Czar, allowed her neighbour's house to be burned about her ears by Bismarck in 1870, heedless of her cries for help. The egotistical but wise old lady [Britannia whose natural course, like that of the Argentines, lies Eastwards, only kept her eye on preventing the fire touching her own rooftree, as it had spread half across that screen of water called the Channel. Certainly the Andes, the Straits, and the Cape are a hundred times a better and more effective fire screen between us.

In consequence of all this, which can be confirmed by a hundred historical examples, ancient and modern, it is and will always be mere clamour, vain tears and useless whimpering, to accuse this one or the other of egoism and cowardice, because he does not run to assist his neighbour in difficulties. The instinct of self-preservation and the law of growth, which are the two primitive and platonic forces of nations, and which are simply derivations of the laws of individuality and collectivity, will continue to assert themselves till the end of the ages; and, for this reason, the day is not far distant when that portion of humanity which the hand of God has cast on the shores of the Atlantic and the Pacific, in the full possession of their cool judgment, power and expansion, shall originate a South American policy of mutual great ends and common interests.

And, as is said to-day in support of a Northern international doctrine in reference to the cut which French genius is making between the two continents—*America for the Americans*—future ages will say

The Atlantic for the Argentines
The Pacific for the Chilians.

B. VICUNA MACKENNA.

All town seemed 'off its head' about the Italian Exhibition on Sunday, which was, as the French say, 'un succes eclatant.' French, English, Germans, Danes, Dutch, Spaniards, all were there in thousands to witness this great Italian victory in the field of Industry, which is also a victory for the whole foreign element in the country. Some of the exhibits are really worthy of the Crystal Palace at Sydenham, or the Kensington Museum. 'The First Lesson,' a workman teaching his son his alphabet, is a touching piece of sculpture, and crowds paused to gaze on it. The furniture department is simply splendid, and people need no longer be the victims of the ricketty trash which has so long passed current here as 'furniture.' Messrs Zamboni's machinery looks as good as if was turned out in England: in fact nearly everything in the building is worthy of praise, with the exception of some of the glass ware, which is more useful than ornamental, and some few other things. We give full particulars of the day's doings in our leading columns, but wish to specially compliment the orchestra, the Estrella di Roma band: The 'verve' and admirable precision of every piece they played could not be surpassed, especially the Garibaldi Hymn, which was played immediately after the Argentine Hymn.

The Memoria of the Lord Mayor for 1880 is published. As it contains 317 pages, it may be some days before we can give our readers a thorough digest of this important report,

"THE STANDARD"

NEW OFFICES

Job printing of every desc rip tion done in the very best style.

154 Calle Piedad

Theatre de L'Opera

COMPAGNIE LYRIQUE ET DRAMATIQUE FRANCAISE—*Direction L J Blondel.*

7ME. SPECTACLE D'ABONNEMENT.
MERCREDI 23 Mars 1881

La Favorite

Grand opera en 4 actes et 6 tableaux, paroles de Alphonse et Gustave Vaes
Musique de Donizetti
Prix de coutume

Un commencera a 8 h. ½.

TEATRO COLON

Viernes 25 de Marzo

Gran funcion de Gala a Beneficio de los inundados de Belgica

Con el concurso de la Compañia Francesa, que representara la opera comica que tanto exito ha tenido en todos los teatros de Europa y por primera vez en el Teatro Colon

Les Mousquetaires au Couvent

Opera-comique en 3 actes
A las 8½ en punto

La Florida

JARDIN CONCIERTO

Miercoles 23 de Marzo
A las 8½ en punto

Gran Concierto Orquestral

a Beneficio del
Sr. A. PATIN

PROGRAMA
Primera Parte.

1° Ouverture de Opera "Marita-na"..... W. Wallace
2° Valse du "Roi de Lahore".. J. Massenet
3° Danse Macabre, el solo de Violin por el Sr Rajneri.... St. Sains.
4° 5. Concierto para Oboe por el Sr. Gonzalez..... P. Soler
5° "A Rivadavia", gran Marcha triunfal dedicada a la Comi-sion directiva del primer Centenario de B. Rivadavia y compuesto por el Maestro N. Bassi

Segunda Parte

1° Fran Fantasia sobre mo-tivos de la Opera "Un Baile en Maskera ..... G. Verdi
2° Elegia para el Saxophone por el Sr. Tafurelli..... N. Bassi
3° Linda Portefia, polka ..... A. Patin
4° Gran Fantasia sobre motivos de la Opera "Lohengrin" .. R, Wagner

Entrada para Caballeros y Señoras $20
Niños 10

B. Aires Cricket Club.

A Match will be played on Friday next, 25th inst. at Palermo, between The Eleven which played against Montevideo and The Next Eighteen.

Play to commence on arrival of 9.55 a.m. train from Central. Punctual attendance requested.

BY ORDER

e 243 m25

Gun Club

Members are hereby advised that shooting will commence on Sunday 27th inst at 10 a.m.

THE COMMITTEE

e 249 m25

Italian Industrial Exhibition

Cerrito between Juncal and Arenales)

At the splendid KIOSK on the left hand, entering, propriator J. C. Kramer, Borsenhalle,

Beer, Wines, Ices, and Refreshments

of all kinds and the very best quality will be served up to 11 p.m.

Cold Lunch and Supper daily.

The best of everything in season. Moderate prices as in town.

Please note Gambrinus and Bacchus at the entrance to the saloon.

g 207 m27

English Literary Soc.

The Half Yearly General Meeting will be held in the Society's Reading Room on Monday the 28th inst. at 8 p.m. sharp.

BY ORDER.

238 m28

B. A. Camp Chaplaincy

English Church Service

Wednesday, March 23rd, 8 p.m., Bahia Blanca.

Sunday, March 27th, 11 a.m., Sauce Grande, Mr Muir's.

Wednesday, March 31st, 10 a.m., Rosas, Mr Foster's.

Banco Hipotecario.

Por disposicion del Directorio, se hace saber:

1° Que la renta vencida de las cedulas A y B con cupon 31 de Marzo, comenzara a pasarse del 1 al 15 de Abril, debiendo los interesados ocurrir a la Tesoreria del Establecimiento en los dias mencianados a recibir dicha renta.

2° Por razon de mejor administraciou, y a virtud de haber aparecido en plaza con numeracion alterada, algunas de las cedulas robadas al señor Estrada, los poseedores de cedulas, deberan presentarse con estas, y ademas una lista de la numeracion de los cupones a cobrar, firmada, y con designacion del domicilio del poseedor.

3° Quedan esceptuados de la anterior disposicion los que tuvieron las cedulas depositadas en este Banco.

Bs. Aires, Marzo 10 de 1881.

J. M. la Fuente
Secretario.

226 m24

HORROX. Ha terminado su descarga en las depositos del Norte y Ramires.

Marzo 22 de 1881

e 241 m25

CAMPO ALAMBRADO. Se arrienda una y media legua de campo a seis leguas de Chivilcoy. El que se interese ocurra Calle Rivadavia 172.

e 248 a3

TO RENT, for horned cattle, 2 leagues South of Chascomus, and for 6 months, from 1st April prox. to 30th Sept. A potrero of 1200 squares, of land wire fenced, with abundance of pasturage and permanent water. Apply 180 Rivadavia, or to Mr Auld, Chascomus.

e 244 a1

TO LET a large and commodiable House, Calle Bolivar 390; parties wishing to see same will find the keys at the almacen in front. For further particulars apply at 331 Calle Piedad.

e 246 m25

WANTED by a young Englishman of good education a situation as Assistant Master in a good school, or as Tutor in a gentleman's family. Languages English, French, Spanish and Latin. First class references. Write stating salary and full particulars to Chas, Broome, Lea, Cromford, N. Derby, England.

e 231 m25

WANTED situations by two respectable girls, one as Housemaid, and the other as Nurse. Apply Calle San Martin 246.

e 236 m25

COBRADOR. Se ofrece un joven formal para cobrador de alguna casa de comercio, tiene garantias. Dirijirse 25 de Mayo 142.

e 240 m22

WANTED two Housemaids, one to cook and mind the kitchen, the other to wash and iron and mind the house, both to make themselves generally useful. Apply this office

e 247 m30

A Situation wanted by a young person as Housemaid or Waitress, with good recommendations. Calle Cordoba 117.

e 228 m25

LETTERS LYING AT THIS OFFICE

Mrs Mary Davies.
Miss Mary E Bryan
Mrs Catharine Harkins
Mr W Bruce
Mr Lawrence Garrahan
Sr Mariquite Obrin

Royal Mail Steam Packet Company

FOR ANTWERP

The Company's well-known steamer

DOURO

Commander E. C. KEMP
2,846 Tons, 600 Horse-power.
To sail on the

8th of April

Taking cargo and passengers for LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP
NOT CALLING AT BRAZILIAN PORTS

FOR

ANTWERP,

The Company's splendid and favorably known steamer

MINHO

Commander L R DICKINSON
2,540 Tons, 500 Horsepower
Will sail on the

15th of April

Taking cargo and passengers for RIO JANEIRO
BAHIA
PERNAMBUCO
LISBON
SOUTHAMPTON
and ANTWERP

THROUGH PASSAGES TO PARIS (single and return) granted by all the ROYAL MAIL steamers.

The above steamers will carry 1st, 2nd, and 3rd class passengers at

REDUCED RATES

Mails, Specie, Cargo and Parcels to all the above ports and

THROUGH TICKETS

Are granted to Antwerp, Havre, Cherburg and principal towns in Spain and Portugal.

These steamers are provided with every accommodation for carrying passengers, and table-wine is given to all classes.

RETURN TICKETS

Are granted to 1st class passengers with deduction of 25 o/o on passage money.

FAMILIES AND COMPANIES

A considerable reduction is made in their favor.

Persons wishing to bring out their friends from Europe can arrange with the Company's Agent on reasonable terms.

For further particulars apply to the Agent
HENRY A. GREEN,

Or to
HENRY L. GREEN, Broker,
175—Reconquista—175

L'pool Brazil and R.P. Steamers

LAMPORT & HOLT'S LINE

Departures from Buenos Ayres.

ANTWERP AND LONDON
(Via Rio Janeiro and Southampton.)
HORROX Eldes MARCH 21
(Carrying the Belgian Mails)

ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL.
(direct)
PLATO, Tanner, MARCH 2(
(Loading in the River Parana.)

BREMEN
(Direct)
COPERNICUS Pepperell MARCH 28

ANTWERP
(Via Rio Janeiro and Southampton.
DALTON Vine Hall APRIL 1
(Carrying the Belgian Mails.)

ANTWERP & LIVERPOOL
(Via Rio Janeyro, Lisbon and Southampton)
LEIBNITZ Brown APRIL 11
(Carrying the Belgian Mails)

ANTWERP & LONDON
(Via Rio Janeiro and Southampton)
HIPPARCHUS Lyons APRIL 21
(Carrying the Belgian Mails)

Cargo and passengers for New York will be taken by the Steamers leaving this Port on the 1st and 11th of each month, via Rio Janeiro.

First and Third class Passages to Brazilian Ports, New York, Havre, Antwerp and towns in Great Britain, at reduced rate.

Tickets at reduced rates by steamers not carrying mails, and reductions made in favor of Families and Companies.

First class return-tickets, available for 12 months, at a reduction of one fourth.

Prepaid Passages issued at reduced rates to those wishing to bring out friends.

These steamers carry surgeons and stewardesses.

Specie and Parcels received at the brokers' office till noon on day of sailing.

Insurances effected if desired.

E. Norton & Co.,
209 Reconquista Agents
Rosario, Agents—JOHN THOMPSON & Co

The Blagden Dip

(FLUIDO BLAGDEN)

Manufactured
BY
Jeyes Sanitary Compounds Co., Limited

The cheapest and most effective cure for scab on sheep. It is guaranteed free from poison, contains eighty p. cent of active ingredients and may be mixed with 100 parts of cold water.

Sole Agents
Thomas Bladgen & Co.
126—Rivadavia—126

Housecoal

$280 m|c a ton delivered
Orders
144 Calle Piedad

van Gelderen y Trant

Traductores Publicos
Se han mudado al
108—PIEDAD—108

FLUIDO CREOSOTE

"Perfectly safe and effective specific for the treatment of Scab."
J. J. KYLE,
Professor of Chemistry.

Price $35 m|c. per gallon.

SOLE AGENTS,

V. Casares & Sons

Corralon 11 de Setiembre
and Boca.

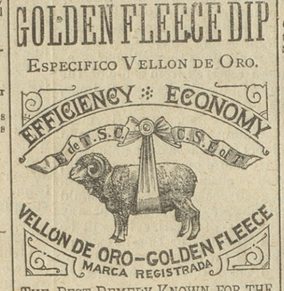
g 195 f23

FLUIDO LITTLE

RUNCIMAN & CO.
73—CALLE PIEDAD—73

GOLDEN FLEECE DIP

ESPECIFICO VELLON DE ORO.



THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN FOR THE THOROUGH CURE OF SCAB IN SHEEP.

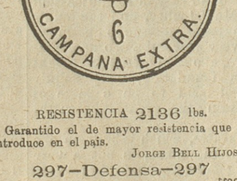
UNEQUALED FOR ECONOMY.

Ready for use, adding
COLD WATER.

The most profitable for large flocks.

DEPOT:
Anglo-American Drug Warehouse,
A. EASTMAN & CO.,
Nos. 9 & 11 CALLE DEFENSA.

Notice the Trade Mark.



RESISTENCIA 2136 lbs.
Garantido el de mayor resistencia que se introduce en el pais.
JORGE BELL HIJOS
297—Defensa—297
xp f28

JAMES POTT

Solicitor
Sworn Public Translator and Accountant.
Consultations from 11 to 1 p.m.
82—Calle de Peru—82

e 242 a23

ENGLISH GLASS
ENGLISH TOILET SETS
OIL CLOTHS
FLOWER VASES
on bevelled Mirrors.
CUT MIRROR WALL BRACKETS
DUPLEX LAMPS
TOBACCO JARS AND CUTTERS
COCKTAIL MACHINES.

TEA

At $12 per lb.
At 14 do
At 16 do
At 18 do
At 20 do
At 22 do
At 25 do
At 27 do
At 30 do
At 40 do

Try our Teas, and you will find that the quality is far in advance of the price.

Bazar Ingles
189 FLORIDA 189

e 181 m20

Banco Hipotecario.

NOTA IMPORTANTE

De proximo que segun resolucion del Directorio los remates que por su orden se anuncien seran indefectiblomente realizados, si los interesados no hubiesen pagado los trimestres vencidos dos dias antes del que se anuncie para el remate; suspendiendose solo en el caso que en el mismo dia del remate paguen capital é intereses adeudados.

EBBEKE Y DIEKELMANN

El Jueves 7 de Abril a las 3 de la tarde en la casa del Banco.

Por orden del Directorio del establecimiento, procedere al remate a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado de un terreno situado en el Pueblo San Martin, con todos los grandes y valiosos edificios que sobre el estan construidos, y su area consta de 11 hectareas 31 areas y 18 centiareas, igual a 7 cuadras cuadradas de 150 vs por 150 por costado.

Esta gran propiedad es conocida con el nombre de Colegio de los Padres Escolapios.

Esta propiedad, perteneciente a D Ramon Cabezas, reconoce una hipoteca de 40,000 $f., teniendo amortizado 8,063 $f. La base sera 34,937 $f. pudiendo el comprador cargar con la hipoteca siempre que su oferte sea mayor que la base, en cuyo caso debera hacer el servicio sobre el capital primitivo con arreglo a las tablas de amortizacion; debiendo abonar al firmar la escritura, un trimestre anticipado.

El Banco se reserva el derecho de rescindir la venta, si el comprador no entrega el importe de la liquidacion en tesoreria, en el tiempo estipulado.

Los interesados que quieran examinar los titulos de esta propiedad, pueden hacerlo ocurriendo a la Secretaria del Banco, antes del dia de remate. Pasado este, no se oira ningun reclamo sobre el particular.

Por mas pormenores ocurrir a la Secretaria del Banco de 10 de la mañana a 4 de la tarde.

x245 ap7

J. B. GAHAN

General Broker and Commission Agent.

ON SALE.

1—Camp in Tres Arroyos (several lots) Sauce Corto, Guamini, Arroyo de las Mostazas, Bahia Blanca, Chivilcoy, Chacabuco, Lincoln, 25 de Mayo, and Las Flores.

Also several lots of land (4 leagues each) recently purchased from the Nat. Government now offered for sale on very favorable terms.

2—Agent for Linck's celebrated Extract of Tobacco (South Down Sheep Wash) and all other approved specifics.

3—Posts, Wire and Torniquetes.

78—CALLE RECONQUISTA—78

e 230 xp

Zingari C.C.

The Half-yearly General Meeting of this Club will be held on Monday evening next, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock precisely, at the Scotch Sunday School Room.

By order of the President.

g 221 m20

Another!

J. A. Bennet, Esq.,
195 Calle Florida, Buenos Ayres,

Dear Sir,

I had suffered for many years from Liver Complaint and severe Headaches, when I obtained a LIVER PAD from your agent here, Don Antonio Barbich. It cured me effectually in three weeks, and I have not been troubled since. I consider it, therefore, a duty to recommend it to all sufferers.

DOMINGO FRUMENTO,
Ex-P.P. of Baradero.

Baradero, 9th March 1881.

g xp

Port and Sherry

Moore & Tudor's

NEW VAULTS

93—Maipu—95

Our Sherries, received direct from the vast Montpensier vineyards in Yerez de la Frontera, now in the possession of Mr Richard Davies, are highly prized for their purity and bouquet all the world over. In London the brand meets with an enormous sale and is considered one of the leading ones.

We have always in stock the following brands—

PALE, good ordinary
SECO, dry, table sherries
PALIDO, ladies, do.
SPECIALITE, pale amontillado, extra
NOVIA, very pale and dry amontillado, extra superior.

W. T. Roughton & Co.'s fine full bodied ports, which we import direct from Oporto, are considered among the best by London connoisseurs, and are celebrated for their rich quality, fine colour and real wholesomeness.

The following qualities are always in stock:
CROWN, a wholesome ordinary wine
1 GRAPE, a good plain port
2 GRAPES, an extra good cheap wine
3 GRAPES, a fine rich wine for ladies and invalids
4 GRAPES, extra high class, very fine old tawny.

e 171 xp

CARBOLIC EXTRACT
OF
Tobacco and Sulphur,
THE MOST ECONOMICAL AND CERTAIN
COLD WATER CURE FOR SCAB
EVER YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC

Great Improvement.
Increased Strength.
Guranteed not to hurt the hands in working.

PARRY & CO.,
112—SAN MARTIN—112

x 176 jy 23 xp

The Standard.

Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.
CICERO.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1881

Special Telegram

Havre, 22nd March

Wool market dull and prices downward tendency.

Associated Press Telegram

HAVAS' AGENCY

Lisbon, 21st

Telegrams announce the death of Don Carlos Maria de los Dolores, Duke of Madrid, Infant of Spain, born in 1848,

REVIEW FOR EUROPE

The event of the fortnight was the opening of the Italian Exhibition, on Sunday last, by H.E. the President of the Republic, the Vice President, Sr Madero, the Diplomatic Corps, and a numerous and distinguished company being present, to say nothing of thousands of the citizens of all nationalities, who filled the building to suffocation. The main interest attached to this Show, which is in most respects excellent, is the abundant proof it affords that native industry is raising its head rapidly in this country, and that the Italian element in our population is leading the movement, which has been slowly but surely gaining ground for some years past, and many articles hitherto supplied to this country by Europe are gradually disappearing from our import list. This Italian Workmen's Exhibition shows that there is both the will and the way for a further considerable development in this direction. We give full particulars of the opening ceremony in another column.

The severe Drought which has prevailed now all over the country for nearly two months was broken last week by some heavy showers in several parts of this province, including the city, in which the house wells were exhausted and the Water Board severely taxed to supply enough for the people's wants. The rain, however, has been by no means sufficient to restore the dried up pasturages, and flocks and herds have been driven to other pastures, farther out. On many of the 'inside camps' there is not a blade of grass, and the farmers are most anxious for more rain.

Great anxiety was caused in this city early on Sunday morning by the news that the Saturno, a favourite passenger steamer on the river, had run ashore near the Recoleta, in the dense fog which then prevailed. No lives were lost, owing to the steamer having struck where there was barely 6 feet of water. The passengers and their luggage were safely landed, but most of the cargo is lost. the steamer's bottom being ripped open in four places and it is feared she cannot be got off.

From the West Coast there is nothing new to report. A Provisional Government has been formed in Peru, to make peace with the Chilians, but as yet no steps have been taken to this desirable effect. Meanwhile the Chilian Commander has imposed very heavy war contributions on the people of Lima and Callao, ordering, in case of non payment, that property to three times the amount of the contribution shall be destroyed. This is thought here to be unnecessary severity.

There is a species of political revival going on in the Banda Oriental, where the party out of power is mustering its forces for a struggle at the next elections; so far everything has been done peaceably and within constitutional bounds, but in South American politics everything is possible. The drought is as bad, or worse, in Banda Oriental than on this side of the river, and in many districts the losses in cattle are already considerable.

The Gower-Bell Telephone is now an established institution here, and the wires are spreading fast over the city, thanks to the energy of Capt. Manton, the zealous agent here for this system of telephone.

The country was startled last week by the announcement that the house of Rothschild had proposed to Government an immigration and railway scheme on a gigantic scale. It turned out, however, to be a new edition of an old affair, revised and most enormously 'enlarged' by the evening paper which prepared it for sensational circulation.

The National Government has approved the contract for building the pier and branch railway at Rosario, to connect with the C. A. Railway. Messrs Rodriguez & Co. are the contractors.

Reference to our commercial column will show how important is the business now doing in land. A leading foreign merchant has refused $50,000 per league for his Rio Negro lands, which he bought from Government last year at only $10,000 per league.

The saladero business is somewhat brisker than when writing our last review, but the season is so far advanced and the deficit in the killing so large that there is no reasonable prospect of the faena this season equalizing that of last year; our advices from Entre Rios, Corrientes and other parts report fat cattle now on all the estancias, and it is possible that the killing next month will be on a large scale, but the faena must close with a heavy deficit on the returns of last year.

The money market is beginning to present a very improved character, and some of our most experienced merchants think that if everything falls out right, the first of the new year will witness the resumption of specie payments and the re-opening of the 'oficina de cambios,' which is the aim and programme of Genl. Roca's Government. Importers are doing a very large business, and exporters, owing to the large quantities of wools in deposit, will be busy all during the coming winter; both freights and exchange are advancing, which may be accepted as unerring signs of increasing prosperity.

The exchange market rules very firm, and since last mail rates have advanced somewhat. Owing to the negotiation of the Railway loan the Government will be out of the exchange market for a long time to come, and the supply of bills will consequently be much in advance of the market requirements; the rates close as follows—

On London 49½-⅝
On Paris 5.22-23
On Antwerp 5.23-24.

The Britannia's Mails.

London, February 25th

A conversation took place in the House of Lords upon the subject of army organisation, the Duke of Cambridge expressing the hope that a matter of such grave importance to the Empire would never be treated as a party question. The Earl of Morley undertook that the report of Lord Airey's Committee should be published on Tuesday next, but would not promise that no step should be taken at variance with its recommendations.

In the House of Commons, Lord Hartington, in the absence of Mr Gladstone, stated that the Army Estimates would be brought forward on Monday. He moved that, upon the consideration of the Protection (Ireland) Bill, as amended, all amendments not disposed of by seven o'clock should be put to the vote without debate. This having been carried by more than the prescribed majority of three to one, the Speaker commenced, at seven o'clock, to put the various amendments, upon each of which a division took place, the operation not being concluded until ten minutes to nine o'clock. Thereafter the debate on the third reading of the bill commenced, and was ultimately adjourned till to-day.

Our special correspondent at Mount Prospect telegraphed yesterday that General Colley, with a squadron of the Hussars and two guns, left at four a.m., made a reconnaissance of the enemy's position, and that he discovered their vedettes had retired. Later on, a strong force of Boers took possession of the hill visited by Sir George Colley, but were shelled off it. The Boers were displaying great activity in fortifying the heights commanding Laing's Neck.

From Bloemfontein, on the 23rd instant, it was reported that there had been an animated discussion in the Volksraad of the Free State on the question of observing neutrality between the British and the Boers of the Transvaal. Conflicting views were expressed, and no resolution had been adopted.

Instead of raising people's hopes, the opening of the negotiations at Constantinople, our Vienna correspondent telegraphs, has evidently produced a contrary effect, and many who regarded the maintenance of peace as certain have within the last day or two entirely lost confidence.

Between Subhi Pasha, Turkish Minister of Finance and Osman Pasha, Ministsr of War, a dispute has arisen, the former desiring that each payment on account of the War Office shall be made by the Treasury, the latter insisting that, in the event of an outbreak of hostilities, such a process would cause delay, and that therefore a large amount of revenue should be placed at the disposal of the War Department.

Herr Scholz, Secretary to the Treasury, in yesterday's sitting of the German Parliament, explained the Budget, and reviewed the results of the financial year 1879-80, which had closed with a surplus of 23,000,000 marks. Compared with last year, the permanent expenditure showed an increase of 22,000,000 marks, of which 17,000,000 were for army purposes.

The Duc de Broglie yesterday, in the French Senate, interpellated the Government on the subject of its alleged promise to furnish arms to Greece, the result of the debate which followed being that the Senate passed to the order of the day by 166 votes against 112.

A mass meeting, presided over by the Mayor of Baltimore, was held in that city on Wednesday night, to express sympathy with Ireland. Some Catholic and Protestant clergymen and several members of the Congress were among the speakers and generally deprecated violence.

On Wednesday evening, as Mr Gladstone was about to enter his residence in Downing-street by the Park entrance, he slipped, and, falling, cut the back of his head. Last evening Dr Andrew Clark reported that the Premier was progressing favourably towards recovery, and that the injury sustained by him was not serious.

The proposal to admit lady students to the Cambridge Tripos examinations was yesterday put to the vote in the University Senate, and carried by 398 to 32 votes.

In the Queen's Bench Division, an action raised by Mr Pritchard against the London and North-Western Railway Company, for injuries sustained while travelling on the company's line, resulted in a verdict for £1,000 damages.

Baron de Ring, the French Consul General in Egypt, has received instructions to proceed to Paris immediately.

General Ney, Duc d'Elchingen, was on Wednesday found dead at Chatillon, one of his seats, his head piercet by a bullet, and his right hand grasping a heavy pistol.

Anarchy, according to intelligence received at San Francisco continues to reign in the Samoa Islands.

General Grant, presiding on Wednesday at a meeting of the Commission for the Exhibition of 1883, expressed his surprise at the lack of interest shown in regard to the undertaking, and urged that efforts should be made to direct public attention to the matter.

Five surveying camps, according to intelligence from Panama, have been established by M. de Lesseps' engineers, and the entire party are now at work.

A fair amount of business was done in the stock securities. Consols improved 1-16 to ⅛ per cent., and most of the English railways were better, but Brighton "A" fell about 1½ per cent. A reduction occurred in American lines. Amongst foreign bonds Egyptian, Hungarian, Mexican Russian, and Turkish declined. A further sum of £68,000 in gold was receved at the Bank.

THE BANDA ORIENTAL.

The rule of ex-Dictator Latorre has had a marked influence upon the industrial prospects of the Banda Oriental. Renewed confidence has enabled and encouraged estancieros to put in practice a new economic system which bye-gone years of ruinous losses have shown to be a necessity. The lessons of these years are not thrown away as they would have been had the previous reign of anarchy continued.

The soil and pasture of the Banda Oriental preclude it from being a great sheep farming country, as is Buenos Aires, but for cattle farming there is no country in the world superior. It is this fact which has brought such ruin upon the sheep-farmers, most of whom had learned their trade on the western shores of the La Plata. During long years of warfare an undisciplined soldiery, for whose depradations there was no redress, preyed upon the cattle, and so prevented the substitution of horned stock for sheep, when estancieros had discovered their mistake. The lesson was learned, but not till the reign of Latorre brought peace and confidence could it be acted upon. From the year 1876 onwards there has been a rapid increase in the horned stock of the country; every sheepfarmer has now at least a point of cattle on his run, many estancieros have again large rodeos. The natural increase has been supplemented by importations from Corrientes.

Estancieros had also learnt another lesson, partly from their own experience, partly from that of their brethren in Buenos Aires and Australia, that the old system of herding in open camps was very inferior to the new system of breeding and fattening within separate enclosures. The new feeling of security engendered by the rule of Latorre, encouraged many of them to enclose their estancias; this process of enclosure is still rapidly extending.

The results of this partial substitution of horned cattle for sheep, and of wire fences for herdsmen and shepherds, are the following.

1st. The gross value of the annual produce of the country is less now than in the golden days of sheep-farming, say from $62 to $68.

2nd. The annual expenditure of the estancieros is reduced, both by the employment of fewer herdsmen and shepherds, and by the lower wages which the increase in the proportion of labour to the demand for it has occasioned.

2nd. The herdsmen and shepherds being fewer in number than in former years, and in receipt of lower wages, spend much less money than formerly in articles imported from abroad, and thus diminish the Customs' revenue of the country.

4th. Although many who were formerly herdsmen and shepherds have now turned their attention to agriculture, the extension of that industry is very slow, and does not absorb the redundant population.

5th. In consequence of this there is an absolute decrease in the total population of the Banda Oriental.

6th. Estancieros as a rule are now prosperous, grazing lands are rising steadily in value, but it will take many years of such quiet prosperity to raise the gross value of their annual produce, and the number of families supported by them, to their former standard.

These various causes tended to diminish the tax-paying power of the Republic, at the very time when the lowering of the tariff, in the year 1878, sacrificed a large proportion of the revenue derived from Customs. Thus the present financial embarrassment of the Government is no marvel. The maintenance of a strong and efficient army, doing police duty, is the sole guarantee for peace. Any great reduction of the pension-list would occasion wide-spread disaffection, and non-fulfilment of the obligations entered into with the bondholders would be tantamount to National bankruptcy. Peace, intelligent economy in every branch of the administrat, the repression of smuggling, and patience till the natural 'recrudescence' of the productive interests of the country bring the revenue up to the expenditure, seems the only means by which the Republic can maintain its independence. Annexation to Brazil is openly talked of, annexation to the Argentine Republic is openly discussed: either of these would solve the financial problem at the cost of Independence.

Peace, which is only secured by the maintenance of a large standing army, is but a shade better than war, and without the excitement. Economy, which consists in cutting down the pay of subordinate officials, till fraud is forced upon them as the sole means of living, is in reality the most wasteful extravagance.

Things have come to such a pass that a Radical reform in the entire Administration, which could alone secure peace, with amoderate army and 'intelligent' economy, is impossible without a revolution. The revolution is at hand, but whether it secure due reform in the Administration is yet to be seen. Under the rule of Latorre the Banda Oriental was quiet and prospered greatly, but her citizens, under his rule, learnt little of the art of self-government. Despotism teaches nothing but obedience, which is the first step in the knowledge of how to rule.

What is the future of this once-promising Republic?

Under Misrule—Bankruptcy.

Under Despotism—Ignorance.

Past experience forbids us to hope for anything more than one of these two results from revolution—Misrule or Despotism.

From both these she may be saved by the sacrifice of that which she once prized greatly, but of which she has shown herself to be utterly unworthy—her Independence. A choice of masters lies before her—will she seek him in Rio Janeyro or in Buenos Aires? This is one of the burning questions of the day, and involves more interests than those which are shut up in one small corner of the world, between the Uruguay and the Atlantic ocean, that corner which is known as 'The Banda Oriental.'

LATEST FROM BRAZIL

The qualification of votes under the new law continues to be the absorbing object of the government and of political circles, and at the request of the government several eminent liberal senators and deputies have accepted the mission of watching, as presidents of provinces, over the execution of the law.

The accounts from the north-eastern provinces continue to confirm the good news of a regular wet season throughout the interior, and the prospects of the crops are gratifying both there and in the Empire generally. Unhappily, the same cannot be said of personal security, the numerous cases reported of homicide and attempt thereat demonstrating a certain degree of ferocity in some classes and the insufficiency of the scanty police to repress it.

The government has accepted the proposal of the Compagnie Imperiale to construct the Rio Grande do Sul railway within three years instead of five. Two concessions of guaranteed railways, one in Espirito Santo and the other in Sergipe, are to be issued at an early date, and promise has been made to give guarantee also to the Belem do Para and Braganca railway should there be left sufficient of the 100,000:000$ of guaranteed railway capital authorized by the law of 1875; thus leaving only Maranham, Goyaz and Mato Grosso without a guaranteed line. The Minister of Agriculture has likewise reiterated the intention of the government to carry the Bahia railway extension on to the S. Francisco and the purpose of appealing to the next legislature for rent

Do do subject to 30 days' notice of withdrawal ...ment of Public Works has invited tenders, to the 15th of June, for the execution of the work of the second section of the Porto-Alegre and Uruguayana railway, viz: from Santa Maria da Boca do Monte to the projected junction at Cacequy, and Cacequy and Urugua gayana extensions for whose concessions tenders have been invited.

The engineer sent to examine the western Mato Grosso affluent of the Paraguay, has reported that the gravel which covers a great part of the valley is very rich in gold over a considerable area. The locality is accessible and well supplied with water, and, if actual working confirms the reports, there is promise of revival on a large scale of the former chief industry of Matto Grosso.

The Carnival passed brilliantlyand very peacably in Rio, with much throwing of water, it is true, and, as far as is known, quietly in all other parts, the only reported exception to the general good order being a murderous affray in a suburb of Nitheroy between two gangs of masquerading "capoeiras".

Sr. Candido Mendez, de Almeida, senator for the province of Maranham, was seized with a fit on the 28th ult. and died next morning. The deceased was a man of great learning and author of several important works in law, hisiory and geography.

The custom house of Rio collected in Feb. 3,375:955$, against 3,511:290$ in February 1880. The receipt from Importation were 2,652:041$, against 2,414:906$, and from Exportation 724:914$, against 1,095,384$ in Feb. 1880. The Coffee shipped in February was 344,330 sacks, against 235,536 in 1880, the decrease in duties from Exports being therefore chiefly due to a decline in the value of coffee to the extent of about 200/o.

In February the coffee cleared for export was 324,000 bags, of the taxable valuo of 7,829:644$, and the imperial and provincial duties paie thereon were 1,917;853$. The United ataies took 163,321 saks, of the value of 3,663:038$, and Europe 148,487 saks, of the value of 3,849:713$.

From the West Coast we learn that under the pressure of the Chilian determination to levy war contributions and to throw the expense of the army of occupation upon the Peruvians, the inhabitants of Lima were actively trying to form a government able to treat of peace, and Lacotea, La Puerta and Arenas were indicated as candidates to the presidency. The Chilian forces sent to Trujillos and Huanacho occupied them without resistence, Admiral Montero abandoning Trujillos and retiring inland, where also Pierola remained, without, apparently, means to undertake serious operations. In consequence, General Baquedano and 9000 of the Chilian army were embarking at Callao to return to Valparaiso, escorted by the ironclad Blanco Encalada and the corvette O'Higgins.

The indications continue to be favorable towards a pacific settlement of the Patagonian question between Chile and the Argentine republic.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The French mail steamer Niger will sail to-morrow. Our Packet Edition is included in this issue.

We give the news by the Britannia in another column. A careful perusal of the papers leads almost to a conviction that war between Greece and Turkey cannot be avoided. It all depends on Bismarck, who appears to now occupy the post of bear-leader to the Sultan in place of England or France, as in former times.

The rain last week is already forgotten, and the heat yesterday was terrific. In some parts of the camp there was no rain at all, and the ground is as bare as a bodkin.

The Governor-elect got splendid receptions at Pergamino, Arrecifes and San Antonio de Areco. At Arrecifes the Municipality declared the day of his visit 'feriado', and the whole town turned out to cheer. Banquets, balls, speeches, cheering and 'entusiasmo frenetico' everywhere; in fact the whole north of the province turned inside out. Dr Roach is, certainly, a most popular man.

Our German friends held high revel yesterday in honour of their venerable Emperor, who attained his 84th year. We trust he may still long be spared to reign over the great nation that has risen to such a prominent place in Europe during his glorious reign.

The earthworks of the extension of the Andine Railway to Mendoza are now finished to Alto Grande, eight leagues beyond the city of S. Luis; on this side the rails are laid to Fraga, 12 leagues from S. Luis, so it can be seen that the extension is progessing rapidly Five hundred more navvies have been hired in Mendoza and San Juan to press on the work.

The Rev. Mr McDonald and Mr Sandeman left yesterday for Rosario en route for Mendoza and Chile. We are glad to perceive by the latest telegrams that the passes of the Cordillera are in excellent order for crossing, and wish the travellers a pleasant trip. Our railways are creeping westward so fast that all the romance of crossing the Pampa and Andes in the good old fashion will soon be knocked on the head.

The Minister of the Interior has ordered 4,360 hard dollars to be paid to Messrs William H. Taylor & Co., as compensation for loss suffered by them in the contract for the repair of the Primer Entre Riano Railway.

Messrs Dewey & Co. are now doing an enormous business in the newspaper and periodical line. Their place was so crowded yesterday that we could hardly squeeze our way in, to get the very latest London papers (25th ult.) for which there was a prodigious demand, the news is so varied.

The mails by Britannia announce that the City of Para, of the Rio and New York line, is aground on Abrojos rocks at Bahia and will probably become a total wreck.

The *Progreso* of Belgrano says that the Gas question there has been provisionally arranged, and will soon be definitely so. It is about time.

The Saturno disaster has evoked a very proper order from the Capitania, viz, that no steamer shall attempt to enter the Inner Roads henceforward during a fog, under pain of a fine of 500 pats. and three months imprisonment for the captain. The steamer Saturno is still on the rocks heeled over to starboard by the waves, and there is little hope of getting her off.

Captain Manton has put up his famous Gower-Bell telephone in the Italian Exhibition. Nothing escapes the Captain. Hear! Hear! A shadow can be heard moving with the help of this wonderful telephone. That's a fact.

The story of Gayarre, the great tenor, being engaged for the opera at Montevideo is, as we suspected yesterday, pure nonsense. Opera singers are like Champagne: the best, or even the second best, never come to South America.

The performance of an opera at Paysandu lately was enlivened by a volley of stones fired by some young scamps in the top gallery. A lamp was smashed and a young lady in the boxes cut on the head.

It is suspected that the burning of the livery stables in Calle Victoria last week was the work of an incendiary. The damage was 50,000 m/c, not five millions, as the 'gobeurs' at first had it. It would take rather a lot of carriages, coffins and 'mancarones' to make up five millions currency.

The receipts at the Italian Exhibition on Sunday were $120,000 m/c., rather a good beginning.

The Archbishop has returned to town, after an extended tour in the Southern camps.

For the future no Buenos Aires apothecary will be allowed to sell any drugs that have not previously been analysed and approved by the Council of Health. Many apothecaries will not approve of this.

The *Union Francaise* has been forced to abandon its Monday number, as its compositors struck to a man and refused to work on Sunday, not from any religious scruples we believe, but from their belief that the human body and mind are not made of cast iron, and require at least one day's rest in the week. The compositors are right.

Let all who like good sport in the Athletic line keep themselves disengaged for the Southern Railway annual tournament at Lanus on Friday. It will be the best meeting ever held by the railway men.

Our old friends of the Literary Society are getting ready their winter war paint, and good things may be expected. The General Meeting is called for next Monday night.

Dr. Boriazzi has contributed some valuable surgical instruments (made here) to the Italian Exhibition. Mr. Belleza also sends a manipulator for the Morse telegraph, a most ingenions thing.

The pupils of Mr. Salvador Negrotto's school will have their prizes for the past year distributed to them to-morrow night at the Coliseum. All the first families in town will be present, as Mr. Negrotto is one of the oldest pioneers of Education in this country and enjoys the esteem of all.

We learn with pleasure that our brother-editor is now engaged in London on another book, which will, probably, attract greater attention than even 'The Progress of the World.'

The following are the names of the artists engaged to sing at the Colon Theatre this year:

Sta. Borghi-Mamo	1st	soprano
Sra. Giunti Banbera	id	
" Leawington Enriqueta	Mzo.	soprano
" Boronat	Sopr.	Leggiera
" Righi Visconti	Contralto	
Sor. Tamagno Franco.	1o	Tenore
" Clodio	id	
" Ramini	id	
" Battistini Mattin	1o	bariton
" Pogliani Enrico	id	
" Storti Enrico	id	
" Castelmary Armando	1o	Basso
" Visconti	id.	

CORRECTION.

British Legatian, Montevideo,
March 21, 1881.

To the Editor of the *Standard*.

Sir,

My attention has been called to a paragraph in the *Standard* of the 18th inst., which professes to give an accouni of the surrender by me of a soldier who had deserted from the Uruguayan army and had taken refuge in the British Legation, and who is stated by you to have been an American.

That account is altogether erroneous. The man in question was a British subject, a native of St. Helena. He had served for 3 years in the Uruguayan army, and although he had committed a serious breach of discipline in quitting his post when on duty, he was, at my intercession, not only not punished, but was next day discharged from the service, the military authorities behaving in this case, as they have done in many others, with the utmost courtesy and friendliness.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
Edmund Monson.

IRISH ORPHANAGE AND CONVENT REPAIRS.

Collected up to Jan. 14th 1881..... 15,390

Miss Tormy's collection....	2,037
Miss Gaynor's do.....	2,030
Miss Culligan's do.....	4,000
A Friend.....	1,000
M Murphy.....	1,000
S Anchorena.....	500
	10,567

Received from Mr. E. T. Mulhall the sum of $ 10,567 m/c (ten thousand five hundred and sixty seven dollars currency) balance of collections for Irish Orphanage and Convent repairs up to date.

Buenos Aires, March 22d.

W. Booky.

MARTELL BRANDY—Imported by Moore and Tudor

MARTELL BRANDY—The best of all the fine brands.

MARTELL BRANDY—Always of unvarying good quality.

MARTELL BRANDY—Guaranteed by our signature on the label pure spirits of the Cognac grape.

MARTELL BRANDY—Free from the noxious compounds found in the so-called 'Brandies from other sources.

MARTELL BRANDY—Beware of falsifications and ordinary Brandies served out of old Martell bottles in second-rate "Confiterias."

g 295 6m

VALUE OF PAPER-MONEY.

Until the evening of 24th March the rate will be—

29⅝— cents Prov. Bank m/c. 1$ gold.

E. CIVIT.

ON 'CHANGE.

March 22nd, 1881

Patacons.....	29.05
Cedulas A.....	93
National Bank Shares..	78½
Bonos Provinciales	1½ premium.

The gold market flattened five cents to-day, which in the present state of the ring is considered equal to fifty cents in former times; nothing is more remarkable than the severe strength of gold in the presence of events which must naturally influence exchange, gold and discounts. Many consider that the gold market would be much weaker, but for the heavy short sales made by speculators. However in this respect the market will very soon right itself, as the end of the month is approaching and all pending transactions must be closed.

Gold opened for cash at 29.05, rose to 29.10 and closed at 29.05. For the end of the month the market opened at 29.10 and closed at 29.05. For the end of April rather a large business done, closing at an advance at 28.90.

Cedulas appear to be at a dead lock at 93, and very little done.

National Bank Shares firm as a rock at 78½; only 100 shares sold.

Bonos Provinciales one lot at 1½ premium.

Exchange is reported advancing and a large business reported done this morning at 5.26 to 5.27. Bills on London freely offered at 49⅛ no takers, something done at 49⅝.

It appears that at last the purchase of the Terrero estancia, Guardia Monte, one of the finest properties in the country, has been concluded; nine square leagues of land with bridge over Salado, estancias, montes, &c. for $7,400,000 m/c. Buyers Messrs Wilson and Shennan. We congratulate them on their splendid purchas.

The sales at the ring were—
For cash 96,113 at 29.05-10-05
For March 26th 80,000 29.05
For March 31st 226,000 29.10-05
For May 31st 10,000 28.80
For June 30th 5,000 28.75
For April 30th 192,000 28.90-85-90
Sales, 669,113.
Cedulas—
For cash A 1,400 at 93
Nat. Bank Shares—
For cash 100 shares at 78½
Prov. Treasury Notes—
For cash 100,000 at 1½ premium.

We hear from Paris favorable advices about the new French bank in the Plate, and also that the Paris Geographical Society has presented Mr F Moreno with a gold medal.

The new steamer Dalton, it seems, is called after a distinguished Manchester chemist. We had supposed she was called after the never to be forgotten Dalton, who charmed the reading world through the three roads of life.

Mr Hill of Tucuman leaves on Saturday for Corrientes and Misiones.

M. Torrome & Sons, London circular, dated London 22d Feb. gives the following quotations:—

Riestra loan.....	95½
Pub. Works.....	94½
Hard Dollars.....	7.4
B. Aires 1870.....	93
Do do.....	93
Uruguay.....	37½

The auction sale of the Lima rodeo of cattle came off to-day, they sold at corte at from 255 to 285, 1800 head; the sale is important.

To-night there is a grand banquet at the Turn Verein, in honor of the German Emperor who to-day celebrates his 84th birthday.

The Britannia's mails were delivered today; the London papers give the following:—

"Messrs. James Lyall & Co., merchants, of East India-avenue, the firm referred to yesterday, have stopped payment in consequence of the suspension of Messrs Lyall, Rennie, & Co., their Calcutta house. The liabilities, chiefly secured, are estimated at about £250,000, but the value of the assets, which are mainly in Calcutta, is stated to be uncertain.

Telegrams from Manchester announce the failure of Messrs. C. Spence and Sons, shippers of cotton goods to Rio de Janeiro, where the corresponding firm, C. Spence, Sons & Co., was originally established in 1835. It is understood that considerable profits have been made on exports from this side, while losses have been incurred on shipments of coffee from Brazil. The house has always occupied a very respectable position and its credit was considered good only a short time ago. The amount of the liabilities has not transpired, but a favourable liquidation is anticipated, the assets abroad being large."

The American mail steamer 'City Para" has run aground at Abrojos Bahia and it is feared a total loss.

The saladeros in Entre Rios have begun working and will kill steady now to the end of faena.

On Thursday Messrs. G. Gowland & Co. will sell a lot of damaged tobacco at the old Custom House depot; just the thing for farmers to cure their flocks.

Mr Billinghurst sold by auction the estancia Mirador in Tapalque, belonging to the estate of Madame Castro, 2½ leagues camp, valued at 622,270 m/c per league sold for 990,000 per league.

Cattle 241 m/c al corte
Mares 48
Horses 185
Sheep 26
Do 47 al corte.

At J. F. Turner's & Co's yard, Boca, they are discharging a fine lot of posts and half posts reforzados. Estancieros may be interested in this.

The splendid Pacific Company's steamer Britannia arrived at Montevideo on Monday to her time as usual, she brings late dates; she left same day for the West Coast, and will be return on 4th of May to sail for Liverpool. The steamer Araucania, of same Company, arrived yesterday from West Coast and leaves to-day for Liverpool; she takes a full passenger list.

The Galicia will leave for Liverpool on 6th April from Montevideo, and has a great many cabins taken.

Passengers from Europe per Britannia.—

Michael Gaynor, Manuel J Dominguez, J. Pastor, John Carol, Frederick Alberdi, Rodolfo Alberdi, J L Vasquez, John Blanco, J. F de Carvallo, and 17 third class.

At after hours very little business done in gold or stocks; most of the brokers amusing themselves at Baltar & Quesada's auction mart where good prices were paid and everything offered sold. Amongst the many bidders and sales we noted—

The splendid mirrors sold for $4,500 each. Bernechea buyer.
Beautiful Erard harp, $2,500, Gandulfo.
Fine carpet, $20 per vara, Trelles.
Embossed handkerchief box, E Martinez.
Chickering piano, $26,000, Mr Peña, Flores Road.
Complete set drawing room furniture, Avalivio Roca.

Gold at after hours ruled the same, 29.05 for end of month. Bank Shares, buyers at 78½, sellers at 79, for April 79½, and for May at 80. Buyers for June at 80½.

The fine Pardo quinta at Caballito put up for sale on Sunday was not sold; valuation too high.

The Best quinta at Flores knocked down for $295,000 m/c.

Johnson Gaibisso & Co. chartered the Ital. lugger San Domenico to load bones in River Parana f.o. at 26s in full.

The Leibnitz takes the place of Hevelius, Belgian mail's on April 11th, and the Hipparchus with mails on 21st April.

The Woodgate steamer Yesso sails with 500 mules on Thursday; mails close at 12 o'clock. Mr Jordan goes in her as supercargo, and Mr Henry Woodgate for the trip. The Titania with 600 mules will sail on 1st, and also take a mail. These steamers were fitted up for the Canadian cattle trade with every convenience, good ventilation and tanks for fresh water. We will yet want them to take novillos to Europe.

The Sales at afterhours were—
Gold—
For cash 15,000 at 29.10
For March 31st 50,000 at 29.05
" 30,000 29.07½
National Bank Shares—
For March 31st 150 shares at 78½
" 200 shares 78¾

The following clearances reported:—

Germ. brigantine Leonore for Porto Cabellos by A Scharffenorth with 160,789 kilos tasajo.

Ital. brigantine Papa Felice for Dunkerque by A Scharffenorth with 5,320 bags linseed, 82 bags peas, 4,425 horns.

Norw. lugger Gnaa for Nantes by L. Ysola & Co. with 275,175 kilos bones.

Ital. barque Angelita for Havre by T Rivara with 5,734 bags linseed, 111 pipes and 310 bordalesas tallow, 34,854 kilos bones, 500 bags negro animal, 18,000 horns.

Span. brigantine Pubilla for Rio Janeiro by Pores with 722 kilos salted tongues, 218,215 kilos tasajo.

The Custom House receipts on 21st instant were—

Letras.....	33,826 66
Metalico.....	31,940 62
	38,059 04

At the South Market some business done at the following prices:—

Arrived by rail 14 waggons with wool, sheepskins, &c., and 4 waggons with wheat, 2 waggons with fruit, 2 waggons with maize, 1 waggon with straw, and by troops 17 carts with produce.

The sales were—
Wool—
1500 ar. Chapar 92, 97
800 Chapar 75, 92, borrega
1200 Belloeq 92
400 Salaberri 92
1800 Arias 98, 81
650 Aramburu 95
600 Unzue 92, 108
600 " 75, borrega
2600 Boer 102, 103
600 Bradley 90, 100
800 Serantes 95 90
200 Pairan 84, borrega
400 S Martinez, 80, borrega
600 Ortiz 80, 68, do
500 Labarthe 63, 70, do
Sheepskins—630 doz. at 26-29½ rls.
Desechos at 21-23 rls.
130 doz. pelados at $25, 40, 60
Ox Hides—650 at 150, 175, 180, 182
Hair—80 ar. at $135, 145, 150
Horse Hides—120 at 30-33½
Potrancas at 15, 16
Maize—200 fan. morocho in cob, 63, 68, 70
Wheat—120 fan. at 180

The following sales reported at the Plaza Once this morning:—
9,120 ar. of wool, and 5,358 bags of wheat arrived.
Wool flat and arrivals reduced.
Hides firm and with interest.
Skins without variation.
Wheat firm.
The sales were—
1200 ar. wool, Ghiraldo, 94, 98
600 ar. wool, Ojea, 92
250 doz. sheepskins at 26-23½ rls.
Desechos at 21½-22 rls.
80 doz. pelados at $70, 40
100 cow hides, 185
Cow hair at 75
35 bordalesas grease, 46
Wheat, 1980 fan. at 150, 195, 200, 210, 212
Maize, 500 fan., morocho and yellow, in grain, 50-58
Flour, 12,000 ar. 1st class at $32, rivers.
Linseed, 1,000 ar. at 14½

The auction of furniture at Baltar & Quesada's attracted crowds of our richest householders; such magnificent furniture is not often seen at the auctioneer's mart, and many of our subscribers fell into an error in supposing that this furniture was for an Emperor instead of a President. The history of the 'muebles' is that they were made in Paris for the President of Peru, but as things fell out on the West Coast it was thought desirable to stop the chairs and tables and mirrors, and land them at the Plate. We confess we prefer to visit Baltar's when crowded with prize English bulls or Rambouillets, but Baltar's new mart was truly resplendent last night when gorgeously lighted up and crowded with ladies. A grand Chickering piano is also in the carte, and some of the ladies played the sweetest airs on it. We left the place at 11 o'clock to catch the last train, and just as a well known broker had begun to play "Go where glory waits thee", as a necessary sequence the auction to-day was as crowded as the Italian exhibition, and as a matter of course everything sold at far higher prices than such wares would fetch to-day at any point on the West Coast.

The mails from Rio are all important. We note that Mr Duffield, who for so many years managed so ably the English Bank of Rio, has retired. We extract the following from the *Anglo-Brazilian Times*:—

"We are glad to hear that Mr Corbitt, the newly appointed Minister to Brazil, is a gentleman of high standing and an experienced diplomat. Meantime, the Legation remains in charge of Mr Elliot, a gentleman brought up in a good school and devoted to his profession, which promises him a brilliant future. Conselheiro Leitao da Cunha has received the appointment of Inspector of the Steam Navigations subsidised by the State. It is an important service, which has fallen greatly out of efficiency in consequence of the infirmities of the previous inspector, but which under the personal oversight of so experienced, able and energetic an inspector as Conselheiro Leitao da Cunha, will soon greatly redound to the safety and accommodation of the public. To assist in this end H. Ex. the Minister of Agriculture is at present elaborating a new Regulation which will give the Inspector increased powers of action and usefulness. Mr Edward Ross Duffield, we learn, retires from the management of the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro here, with which he has been so long connected, greatly to the advantage of the establishment. As its manager Mr Duffield has always displayed great intelligence, acumen, activity and financial knowledge and skill, accompanied with unqualified devotion to the interests of the Bank, and we think that it will not be easy to find another manager capable of completely filling the void left by his retiral. The U. States and Brazil Mail Steam Ship City of Para, Crowell, commander, arrived at this port at 5 p.m. of the 7th, bringing 2,000 barrels of flour and 3,900 various packages, besides 54 passengers. She has brought dates to Feb. 5th from New York, to 15th from St. Thomas, to 23d from Para, to March 1st from Pernambuco and to 4th from Bahia. This was the longest passage ever made by one of the line's steamers. But two days after leaving New York the weather became bad and the coal shifted in the bunkers, throwing the ship over to starboard, which caused the cargo also to shift, throwing the ship still more to starboard, so much so that the bilge water put the fires out and rendered the engine and boilers entirely useless. It took all hands about 52 hours to put the ship to right and get her under way again. Among the passengers, and specially under the care of the popular purser, Dr W H Kinney, came on her hither the William B Smith, of the *New York Times* paper, with his wife, who have come out only for the trip and return with purser Kinney.

"Exchange—Since our last report on 1st instant our coffee market has been very active, and sales have been important, say over 200,000 bags. Rates of exchange opened on 2nd inst. at 21½, and Commercial paper was passed at 21½ and 21⅝. On the 3rd Banks affixed no rate until the afternoon, when the New London and Brazilian Bank opened at 21d, followed next day by other Banks, and this rate has been firmly maintained. Commercial bills, notwithstanding the large business in coffee, have been in great request, and have been passed at 21⅛, 3/16 and 5/16. Our market closes to-day (10th) exceedingly firm. Banks find no money at 21d, and bills remain on the market at 21⅛ and 5/16. On Paris 450 reis for Bank and 445 reis per franc for Commercial bills are the closing rates.

"Gold advanced and the sales were—

Feb. 24th	1,000	sov. at 11:240 on time
25th	2,326	11:240 cash
26th	5,600	11:270 "
March 3rd	2,000	11:400 on time
"	500	11:480 cash
"	1,500	11:510 "
4th	1,000	11:470 "
"	7,000	11:450 "
"	4,000	11:460 "
"	1,000	11:440 on time
7th	2,234	11:500 "
9th	4,008	11:420 "
"	6,000	11:440 "

"Coffee in the U. States fluctuates between 12 and 12¼ cents. for usual selections of Rio. In Europe prices are at 45s to 49s. The Dutch auction went off ¼ cent below valuations, and here there can be little doubt that the current crop is five millions of bags of 60 kilograms, or 300,000 tons.

"Freights—The harbour continues bare of shipping and rates are nominal—

Steamers—	
Liverpool.....	50/
Antwerp.....	50/
London.....	50/
Hamburg.....	55/
Havre.....	50 fr.
Bordeaux.....	60 fr.
Marseilles.....	90 fr.
New York.....	45-50 cts.
Sailing vessels—	
Channel f.o.....	50/ -55/
Lisbon f.o.....	50/ -60/
Gibraltar f.o.....	50/ -60/
U. States, North....	22/6-30/
" South....	22/6-50/

"Ten years privilege of his apparatus for producing gas from turf has been conceded to Joaquim Alves de Souza, who has also a patent for a purifier of the gas, which purifier, however, did not work when tried at the experiments with turf at the Nitheroy gasworks. The turf is said to be very destructive of the retorts. A cargo of Australian turf is expected daily.

"The Banco Alliança do Porto has obtained licence to have an agency in Rio."

CORRALES DEL SUD
Marzo 21, 1881.

Introduccion Abastecedores, Animales.	Capatazes,	Procedencia
I Arballo, Salto		176
A Ceballos, Lobos		49
B Aspitia, Brandzen		25
M Alvarez, Monte		100
Do do Pila		113
L Linch y Co, S. Pedro		74
G y Coulin, Juarez		244
R Diaz, Baradero		132
J Anazagasti, Zarate		150
S Gomez, Lomas		40
Id id, Magdalena		99
Cabezas		1202

Precio de la hacienda—
1er carne y sebo, 460, 400, 440
2da id 300 360 340
Flaco chancheria 260 200 240
Terneros 180 260
Cueros de novillo 135 175
Id vaca 95 115
Invernar no hay ventas.
Se carnearon para el abasto 468 animales.

BOLSA TELEGRAM.
Montevideo, March 22nd

Araucania from Valparaiso arrived and sails to-morrow for Europe.
Marinho 4° from Pernambuco
San Pietro, Valencia
J H Lane, New York
Reseo Secondo, Cadiz
Ondina, Paranagua
Consolidades, 22
Italian Debt, 77
300 pipes tallow, 16⅛
250 pipes tallow, 16⅝
2,000 salted hides, 74½
2,500 Amer. hides, 76½
No steamer sails.

MARITIME.

ARRIVALS.

March 22nd
Jupiter from Montevideo
Dalton, Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

March 23rd
Araucania for Europa (Montevideo)
Silex for Montevideo
Diana, Sta. Fe
Progreso, Gualeguay

March 24th
Memphis for Valparaiso (Montevideo)
Tridente for Rosario
Cosmos, Uruguay
Pingo, Rosario
Proveedor, Rosario

March 25th
Dotterel for Genoa
Niger, Bordeaux

March 26th
Plato for Antwerp

March 27th
San Martin for Havre

March 28th
Copernicus for Bremen

March 31st
L'Italia for Genoa

BIRTH

On the 20th February, at Belgrano, Birkenhead, the wife of W. C. A. Milligan, of twins, sons.

Parisian Green Peas,

A SPECIALITY FOR

PEA SOUP

Only $4 per lb.

SOLE DEPOT:

"LA TETERA,"

101—Cangallo—101

g 101 m25

THE POT

English Family Grocery

101—Calle Cangallo—101

NEW GOODS

AND

SPECIALITIES

Received by every Steamer from

EUROPE

The best assortment of groceries in the City

We guarantee every article sold at this establishment to be exactly as represented, and at prices which defy competition.

Deliveries to all parts Daily

LA TETERA

101—*CANGALLO*—101

e 236 xp

Account Books,

Specially got up, ruled and printed for this market.

Messrs. L J ACOBSEN & Co.
242—CALLE FLORIDA—244

having been appointed General Agents for the sale of Messrs. Wm. COLLINS, SONS & Co.'s (Limited) GLASGOW, LONDON and EDINBURGH,

Manufactured Stationery,

beg to advise, that they keep an extensive stock of all these articles, and are enabled to offer first-class goods—Account-books of all regular and small sizes (including Shopkeeps' small Entry Books, Pocket Ledgers and Exercise Books in Quarto), Letter Paper, Note Paper, and Envelopes of superior make and quality—at such extraordinary low prices as has hitherto never been attempted in this country.

The firm is likewise prepared to take orders for large Account Books, to be executed with special care and attention in Glasgow, to any particular Ruling and Binding, with or without printed headings, guaranteeing to deliver in 18 weeks after receipt of order.

L. JACOBSEN & Co.
242—Florida—244.

g 194 xp

Boote Niven & Co.

Have just received

A NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

English and French ENGRAVINGS

Among others the following:
Christian Martyrs, by Dore.
Christ leaving the Praetorium, do.
Triump of Christianity, do.
Pursuit of Pleasure, J Noel Paton
Home and in Memoriam, do.
Meeting of Wellington and Blucher
Death of Nelson.
Can't you talk
Which do you like
Little Brother and little Sister
Coming Storm and Sea gull's Rock
Last Cartridge
Charge of dragoons at Gravelotte.
Via Appia and Gynecee
Arab Chief and Advance Post.

Always on hand a good assortment of mouldings for picture frames, also frames for Portraits all sizes and prices.

BOOTE, NIVEN & Co's.
Photographic Warehouse
179—Florida—179
Between Cuyo and Corrientes)

c xp

To the Inhabitants of Barracas

AND

The Southern Camp

A WANT LONG FELT

SUPPLIED AT LAST!

The Railway Grocery Store

Almacen Ingles del Ferro-Carril

Nos. 54 & 56 San Antonio

BARRACAS AL NORTE

J. W. READE begs to inform his numerous friends and the public in general that he has opened at the above premises a

First-Class English Grocery Store,

with a full supply of the best Articles in the trade. The Stock in Hand is very large—entirely new—and comprises all the requisites of a

Complete Family Grocery

Choice Assortment

OF

Fine Teas

Sold by the Box at Wholesale Prices

NOTE.—Within three minutes walk from Barracas al Norte Station, F.C.S., Barracas Puente, and Tres Esquinas Stations, F.C.B. y E., and Terminus of City of Buenos Ayres Tramway Company.

z157 j18

Pergamino Railway

Wholesale and Retail Store of Ironmongery, Haberdashery, Linen, Tailoring, Timber, and Barraca of Progreso,

IN THE PRINCIPAL PLAZA OF

Arrecifes

I beg to notify my Irish friends and clients, that having returned from Europe and extended my business connections, they may rely on prompt and careful service, as I will myself superintend the store in this town.

I have received an immense supply of articles of almacen, ironware, wire, timber, tobacco for scab, sulphur, potasium, etc., etc., which I am enabled to sell at the prices of the Buenos Ayres market.

I am the exclusive Agent for the LITTLE FLUID in Arrecifes and Carmen de Areco, of the firm of Morris, Little & Son, Doncaster, England, and Messrs. Runciman & Co. I am also agent for Messrs. Moore and Tudor's GLYCERINE. Besides, all the Dips used in the Republic are on hand in my store, also poisons for hides, cures for foot-rot, etc. etc., and all at prices of the importing firms.

Any article not in the store will be forwarded after 24 hours' notice.

Arrecifes, Feb. 11, 1881.

M. HORTAL TORROBA.

g 49 my 12

L. Garrahan & Bros.

Wool and Produce Broker

2—CALLE ECUADOR—2

Corner of Rivadavia and Plaza Once de Setiembre

Barraca del Plata

e xp

James T Ramsay,

WOOL & PRODUCE BROKER,

Consiguatario de Frutos del Pais

89 RECONQUISTA—89

E. & A. Underwood,

UPHOLSTERERS

(Under the direction of J. Underwood)

113—Alsina 115

BUENO AYRES.

g 283 m30

F. Reepen & Co.

WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS

Offices,

Calle Cangallo 1187

(Opposite Colegio San Jose)

81—CALLE RECONQUISTA—81

Ricardo Nolting

PROCURADOR Y CONTADOR

OFICINA:

Calle San Martin No. 31, (cuarto No. 3)

DOMICILIO:

Calle Piedad No. 930.

Dbr 31/81

THE ORIGINAL

Mockford's Sheepwash

The most Efficacious

AND

The most Economical

J. K. THEOBALD & Co.

118—Reconqnista—118 Altos

e 27 xp

Scotch School.

Owing to the unavoidable absence of a leading member member of the Committee, the meeting called for Tuesday evening at the Scotch School has been postponed until Thursday next, the 24th inst, at 8 p.m.

g 223 m24

Veterinary Vaseline

For Horses, Cattle, and other Animals.

Is a lower grade of "Pure Vaseline" and not so highly refined, and "is far superior to Oakbark, Collodion, Glycerine, or any known remedy for sore backs, scratches, mange, and all other skin diseases commonly met with in horses, cattle etc.

One of the great merits of Vaseline is its efficacy in keeping offlies.

Give it a trial if you use it once, you will it always. Prices: 5 lbs cans 60 m/c 1 lb can 20 m/c.

J. A. BENNET.
Sole Agent
195 Calle Florida.

x213 xp

Tobacco Extract

SOUTH DOWN SHEEPWASH

Virginia and Kentucky

NICOTINA

FOR CURING SCAB IN SHEEP

The only and cheapest remedy approved of and adopted by all Sheepfarmers in the River Plate.

Can be used with hot or cold water.

One gallon to be mixed with 200 gallons of Water.

Guaranteed free from Poison

Sole Agents, appointed by the Italian Government's Company.

Aug. C. Linck & Co.

101—Calle San Martin—104.

The Dalton's Mails

Durban, Feb. 17th—Further reinforcements will be required in Basutoland. The Basutos are not satisfied with the Governor's letter. Distrusting Mr Sprigg's purposes towards them, they want the Queen to settle the terms, not the Cape Ministry.

Durban, Feb. 17th—Fuller particulars of the affair at Schams Hoogta place the conduct of the 60th Rifles in a splendid light. One and all fought gallantly. The British troops can only beat the Boers by the sword and bayonet. Sir George Colley left his position because the men had neither water nor food all day; ammunition was short; the river was rising, and in the rear the cries of the wounded were painful to hear. The march back was wretched, as they expected an attack every minute. There is no doubt the Boers have sought to win over all the northern Zulu chiefs.

The *Standard* Durban telegram, dated yesterday, says the detached squadron has arrived at Simon's Bay. The bar was very bad, and the rollers outside so heavy that The Queen put to sea again last night. She returned this morning. The bar is smoother, and debarcation is now taking place.

A *Times* Newcastle despatch, dated yesterday, says:—Sir Evelyn Wood's column crossed the Ingagana river yesterday without interruption, and outmanœuvred the Boers by occupying all the previous night's positions commanding the drift.

A *Standard* Newcastle telegram says the relieving column under Sir Evelyn Wood arrived there yesterday, to the intense delight of the loyal population of Newcastle, whose position has been critical in the extreme. On Wednesday the enemy's vedettes were seen on the hills on all sides, but yesterday they had entirely disappeared. It is supposed Wood's rapid march from Ladysmith entirely disconcerted their plans. It is believed that the whole Boer force is concentrating at Laing's Nek, with the view of a desperate resistance there. There is great excitement among the Dutch population of Natal. There was a great meeting in the Free State yesterday to decide whether they would openly declare war with us. A very strong party is in favour of that step at once. The Dutch press are inflaming their countrymen throughout South Africa against us.

The members of the Monaghan contingent of Boycott volunteers were presented to day, at Ballyleck House, Monaghan, with medals in commemoration of the expedition. Mr Humphreys, responding for the men, said if at any time they were needed to fight against rebels in the south and west they were ready.

Washington, Feb. 17th—The Senate of the Minnesota Legislature has passed a resolution expressing sympathy with the Irish people.

Paris,

Mr Parnell and his friends dined last evening with Victor Hugo at his house in the Avenue d'Eylau. The other guests were M.M. Henri Rochefort and Lockroy. The position of Ireland was of course discussed, the poet comparing that country with the Poland of former days. M. Victor Hugo again promised Mr Parnell to write a manifesto that would probably bear the title of 'L'Oppresseur et l'Opprimé,' and says M. Olivier Pain, in the *Intransigeant*, 'seized with an eloquent indignation against the oppression and egotism of the English Government, he exclaimed, 'This is no longer a question of religion, but a social question. It is the rich against the poor.' There was a reception after the dinner, and a writer in *Figaro* relates, as they were returning to their hotel one of the Home Rulers remarked to him, 'A manifesto from Victor Hugo is of more value to us than the influence of M. Gambetta, and even more than the Emperor William of Prussia; for these men only act through force and for the sake of force, while Victor Hugo speaks to the heart of the whole of humanity.' The Legitimist *Triboulet* is the last journal that has been interviewing Mr Parnell, whose portrait, accompanied by his autograph, adorns this day's copy of the Clerical print. One glance, as it would seem, was sufficient to convince the writer that he was in the presence of the head of the Land League, while the impression produced was equally instantaneous and flattering to the hero of the hour. 'The chief of the Irish cause is, in fact, one of those who seem to be born to command.' The *Triboulet* is the property of an American gentleman of Irish descent, who is called the Baron Harden-Hickey, and the object of his amusing paper is to attack the Government of France in the interest of the Legitimist faction. M. Rochefort makes war on society in general and on M. Gambetta in particular. It is quite open to a Land Leaguer to imagine that a manifesto by Victor Hugo is worth more than the support of Germany's military force, but it is doubtful whether his Roman Catholic constituents would care much about the advocacy of a poet who has as intense a hatred of priests as Garibaldi himself. It is inconceivable, indeed, that so shrewd a party leader as Mr. Parnell should have committed so gross a blunder as to have accepted the patronage of Communistic atheists. If they could have their way on your side of the Channel, they would make short work of the Irish Church.

In a leading article, entitled 'Mr. Parnell in Paris,' the *Telegraphe* says to-night: 'With our notions in France of the liberty of the individual, and of the rights of the law, the question would have been energetically settled, and for the purpose of protecting the life and property of the citizens no other Government but the English Government would have hesitated to march its troops against the rebels. . . . It will be seen that, under existing conditions, Republican France cannot do more or better than unite its sympathies to the undeniable sympathies of the English Ministry towards Ireland. As for the other projects of the Home Rulers, and their separation chimeras, no sensible Republican will be found in France to approve an adventure that could only end, so far as Ireland is concerned, in a 'regime' of revolutionary anarchy and clerical domination far worse than the present state of things.

A Belfast correspondent states: "At a Land League demonstration held near Armagh, to-day (Thursday), largely attended by Protestants and Catholics resolutions were passed condemning the arrest of Davitt, and pledging farmers to continue the agitation after the passing of the Coercion Act. A counter demonstration was announced, but the Orangemen refusing to join, it fell through."

At the Crossmolina Petty Sessions, yesterday, James Anthony and Patrick Price were prosecuted for taking forcible possession of a farm. The defendants did not appear, and on the application of the Crown solicitor, warrants for their arrest were issued.

Her Majesty's cutter Victoria, Captain Heart, put into the Bay of Enniscrone, near Sligo, on Wednesday evening. The gunboat Goshawk, Captain Suckling, entered Killala Bay yesterday morning at seven o'clock and proceeded up the Moy and, now lies at Ballina Quay. She has on board one hundred marines and a full crew.

West Coast Mails.

LATEST NEWS.

PROBABILITIES OF PEACE

The *Actualidad* of Lima of 12th instant says:—Senor Irigoyen telegraphed the British minister, Mr. Spencer St. John, enquiring if there would be security for his person in Lima, to which city he was desirous of coming with powers from Pierola to treat of peace. Mr. St. John having consulted the representativesof the Chilian government in Lima he was informed that senor Irigoyen might come to Lima if on private business without fear of being molested, but that his journey to the capital would be useless if he came in the character of negotiator of peace, because the Chilian authorities would not treat with the ex-dictator. This first attempt having failed the Dictator appointed a commission consisting of Luis Alarco, Antonio Arenas and Jose Eusebio Sanchez to treat of peace, and as secretaries of the same Cesareo Chacaltana and Andres Aramburu; but before these gentlemen had time to present their powers, the ex-dictator, through the first municipal alcalde of Lima, manifested his desire to treat and has offered to come shortly to a place near to the capital. That was the state of affairs to-day. Some of the most influential members of Congress are actively engaged in trying to get together a sufficient number of members to hold sessions. The senate has a quorum in the city. It is believed that the assembling of Congress would be favorable to the ends of peace, and that it would tend to smooth over present difficulties. To-day at 11 a.m. the Minister of War and the General-in-chief have gone to Matucana to select a site for a military camp.

LATER.

Passengers by the steamer say that the Blanco was still at Callao. It was reported in Lima that two expeditions were to be sent north: one toTrujillo under Lieutenant colonel A. Martinez, consisting of the regiments Concepcion, Lautaro and Zapadores; and the other consisting of the regiments Talca, 2nd line and cavalry to Huacho.

CONI ON MATRIMONY.

Dr Coni has placed the thinking public under great obligations by his Municipal Matrimonial Statistics. Imports and exports are not the great end of our social existence, and Dr Coni's figures possess higher rank than the returns of the Custom House.

Marriage, we apprehend, must be admitted as the fundamental basis of our society; the wife in our system is the very centre of our social life, and were it otherwise, the whole framework of society would very soon go to pieces. Such being an admitted fact, the marriage statistics of this city supersede in importance all others, and the figures and classifications in Dr Coni's pamphlet guide the statesman and statistician to influences obedient to no laws which human wisdom can explore. Matrimony, from some inexplicable law, seems to be one of those human interests that has no guardian, yet it has survived every change in the human family and derides alike the pious prostitution of the Babylonian women in their temples, or the excesses of Free love revivals in the U. States.

The tables which we give at foot are all the more extraordinary since they disturb many preconceived ideas. Foreigners are more given to wedlock than Argentines, and whilst 320 Argentine women married Europeans, only 43 Argentine men took European wives; but we must leave to others who have more time and inclination to dwell on these remarkable figures. The fact stands that, according to Coni, Argentines are less a marrying people than Europeans, and for the one native girl who marries her countryman, ten take to their bosom for husband the foreigner.

The marriages in this city were—

In 1880	1652
In 1879	1636

Since the year 1858 marriages have steadily increased until 1873, since when they continued to decline until 1877; since then they show a yearly increase.

Marriages in 1880—

Argentine men	373
European do	1279

Here are figures for the student of moral and political philosophy to study. For the one Argentine man who got married in this city last year four European men took wives Malthus himself, were he alive, might derive information from these extraordinary figures, since food and population in a country such as this have little to do with wedlock. We fear that, in our community, influences are at work hostile to matrimony; whatever those influences are, at least they should be examined and defined. Clemate, manners, trade and street education may have something to do with these returns, but it bodes no good to see that Argentines forget the sweetest, the greatest and the best of all agents—*Home influences*—and we greatly tear that the conventillo, furnished apartments &c. make up the decent eve y-day life which now and then is laid bare by the perpetration of some horrid crime that shows up the seething substratum of a class of society that ignore the happy mystic spell of *Home*.

Marriages in 1880—

Argentine women	650
European do	1002
Argentine husband and wife	330
Argentine husband and foreign wife	43
Foreign husband, Arg. wife	320
Foreign husband and wife	959

Dr Coni says that Argentines in the lower walk of life rarely marry, and that of the people married last year 3275 were white and 29 people of color.

Marriages according to parishes—

Concepcion	258
Piedad	164
Balvanera	162
Monserrat	160
Catedral al Norte	123
San Nicolas	129
Socorro	115
San Telmo	95
San Miguel	93
Catedral al Sud	83
San Juan	79
Pilar	77
San Cristobal	32

Marriages at Foreign churches—

German	31
Scotch	25
English	7
N. American	20

The greatest marrying month in the year is May, as appears by the following list of marriages for each month.

January	136
February	120
March	118
April	146
May	177
June	94
July	114
August	152
September	166
October	146
November	133
December	150

The following table shows the marrying seasons.

	1878	1879	1880
Summer	301	364	406
Autumn	401	406	441
Winter	432	439	360
Spring	344	427	445
	1478	1636	1652

In the year 1880 there were 709 suits for divorce before the Curia; the nationalities of the suitors were.

Argentines	242
Italians	279
Spaniards	72
French	65
Orientales	16
English	5
Germans	4
Paraguayans	6
Swiss	10
Irish	3
Greeks	2
Austrians	3
North Americans	1
Chilians	2

Dr Coni promises next year to give fuller details about divorce suits, nationality of wives, causes of suit etc, all which will throw fresh light on the marriage question.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

March 12th, 1881

The gold market ruled weaker to-day than yesterday, and the sales were again very heavy. Prices for cash opened at 29, rose to 29.10 and closed at 29.05; sold for cash 231,200 pats. For the end of the month over half a million sold at cash prices. For end of April sales made at 28.80, closing at 28.90, and for end of June at 28,85. The gold vencimientos amounted to 476,000 pats., which shows a heavy business, and a very large amount of gold 'efectivo' was delivered at the liquidator's.

Cedulas continue to improve, and the stock is one of the firmest in the market; as will appear by the subjoined table published in to-day's *Nacion*, the stock in the market is very small, and owing to the paying off of mortgages is constantly growing smaller. Dr. Liambi Campbell's memoria, which he is now drawing up, will give a complete resumen of the affairs of the Bank, and is looked forward to anxiously by holders of the stock, which is evidently marching to par. According to February balance-sheet the Cedulas in circulation stood so—

Serie A	$f.11,622,450
B	485,400
C	167,400
D	137,000
Total	$f.12,412,050

Of the above the following amounts have been drawn for amortization and not presented—

Serie A	$f.23,550
B	1,400
C	200
D	400
Total	$f.25,550

The following shows how the Cedulas are held—

Deposit in the Mortgage Bank	$f.3,603,350
Deposit in the private banks	2,078,000
Cedulas nominal	4,100,000
	$f.9,684,350

which leaves a balance of 2,727,700 only held in open market. Of the Cedulas deposited 909,350 belong to people in Europe.

National Bank Shares fell off to-day and ruled flat, owing to one large holder, and one of the principal shareholders of the bank, having sold out 1,800 shares, which, no doubt, checks the market; still the sale of such a very large amount of this stock has caused such a very slight fall, that it has proved the real strength of the market. In other times the sale of such a large lot of this stock would have driven prices down 10 per cent. It is the opinion of some of the shrewdest that the shareholder in question will yet see that he sold too soon.

Bonos Provinciales firm at 1 premium and Roads and Bridges at 95.

Captain Manton's telephone with the Plaza Once was in full swing to-day, and Messrs. Bean, McNally, Hutchison and others spoke with the boy Antonio in the wool market. Happily there was no connection to-day with the President's house or the Government House, and the communication with the Plaza could really not be more perfect. $50 a month is the subscription. The barraqueros may now sell their tilburies and saddle-horses, as the Bolsa Casino is the Plaza Once to all intents and purposes.

There was great talk on 'Change of the Vicuna Mackenna article in this morning's *Nacion*; it rang like a joy-bell in the ears of all who hold the country dear. We give the article in question in our leading columns; it is the best that has been written since the founding of Punta Arenas, and removes the many stupid rumours afloat about the Chilian question. Mr Mackenna expresses in this happy article not only the Chilian but the Argentine sentiment on the question.

March 14th, 1881

The week opened with very important news from Europe, a complete change in the Bolsa accommodations, a whisper that the Railway Loan is done, very good news from Chile, Bank shares weak, gold firm, Cedulas up to the skies, and money easy.

The startling intelligence of the assassination of the Czar has affected our gold market and advanced prices 5 cents. Many seem to think that we may look now for a change in European politics, but first impressions on such telegrams we have always noticed are erroneous. We give in another column a chapter on the subject.

The heat to-day was so very intense that the new arrangement on the Bolsa opening all the doors, and removing the liquidation room to the opposite side of the hall, was very much appreciated. Due to this new arrangement there was a large crowd of gutternipes in the street, as two porters now stand at the main entrance and none but Bolsa subscribers are admitted.

Spite of all that appears in the papers the news was current in a certain circle that the Railway Loan is done and the contract to be extended to-morrow, but no one knew particulars. If such be the case one party wins his wager that when the loan would be done gold would advance.

Gold opened at 29.10 and closed at 29.15; it is really wonderful prices did not go higher, such was the profound impression at the ring when the news of the Czar's death was announced. Buenos Aires would appear to be on the Vistula not the Plate, such was the assumed sensation, and boletines like Sybilline leaves were blown over the hall. The cash sales reached 121,855 pats., and for end of the month 345,000 pats. at cash prices. One sale for end of the year at 28 65.

March 15th, 1881

The gold market ruled very firm to-day; prices opened at 29.15 and closed at 29.20, having sold up to 29.25 and then flattened; prices for the end of the month ruled weaker, and it was said by many that the market is greatly overbought for that date. The cash sales were very heavy and reached 301,813 pats, and the total sales of the day 974,813 pats.

Cedulas gave way a trifle, and were sold cash at 94½.

In National Bank Shares some new buyers entered, and the market rose to 78 for end of the month closing at 77½, and for the end of April at 78½.

The meeting of the Yellow House deposits sharcholders, as appears by notice, has been fixed for another day and another locality. These shares now look well and may be considered worth par or near it.

There was nothing certain about the loan to-day, and a rumour in the *Comercio del Plata* to the effect that Sr Cortinez was about to resign and Dr Plaza to take office, gave rise to supposition that there was a split in the cabinet on the loan question; we, however, know nothing of the matter beyond the news talked of on 'Change.

Mr Kincaid took leave of his friends on 'Change, he goes to-night in the Villarino to Patagones. Mr Forrester, Don Jose B. Sala, and Mr Hade who arrived up from Montevideo, were welcomed on 'Change; they report the bathing down there splendid and Pocitos crowded.

Captain Nielsen, commander of the German steamer Hamburg, was welcomed on 'Change, he arrived here on Sunday 13th at 6 p.m., his discharged 1500 tons cargo and to-day at 2 o'clock had all the cargo discharged and 600 tons of homeward cargo taken in for Germany; such great despatch proves the Captain.

Freights rule very firm, and all the steamers find abundance of cargo; the rates now are 30s and 10 per cent, and 30 frcs and 10 per cent. The steamers loading the mules for the Cape will leave about the end of the month.

Several resales at very handsome profits of Rio Negro lands have been effected in these days by Mr Rom at his Central Land Office; we recommend those of our readers who have bought Rio Negro lands to call at Mr Rom's office and inspect his splendid map of the Rio Negro territory with all the estancias marked out and the names of the different owners; it is the only map of the kind that exists, and is most invaluable to all those who have purchased these properties

Exchange nothing doing, rates rule the same, and takers hold back in the expectation that a large amounts for the Western Railway will probably be soon drawn for the rates will advance.

March 16th, 1881

The gold market opened under the haze of the loan and ruled throughout the day very weak; prices for cash began at 29.15 and closed at 29.10. On the other hand gold for the end of the month opened at 29.05 and closed at 29.10. People showed great desire to sell on time, and large sales were made for the end of April at 28.95, closing at 28.85. Sales for September and November at 28.70. The sales of the day amounted to 502,625 pats.

Another great proof of the steady value inside lands are taking was the sale yesterday by Messrs. Baltar and Quesada of the well-known estancia La Noria, in Canuelas. In former years these lands were considered only valuable as sheep lands, but to-day they are required for lino, wheat &c. The bidding was very brisk and ran from 666 m|c to 1030 m|c per square, at which price it was knocked down to Don Rufino Varela, who well knows the value of such lands and their capabilities. The auction is indeed most significant, and shows how necessary it is for farmers who own inside lands to purchase and wire-fence outside camps without delay, as in a few years all these inside lands will be under the plough.

March 17th, 1881

The gold market was opened by the bulls and prices advanced 5 cents; the cash sales were only 46,440 pats, but even the trifling advance of 5 cents was not maintained, and the ring closed at the opening rate 29.05. The drop in gold is so slow it will necessarily be all the more permanent, and what with constant speculative sales and purchases daily for the end of the month, the accounts have got so snagged up that not even the shrewdest holds the reckoning or knows whether the market for 31st is overbought, or oversold. Whatever influence the loan will have on the gold market it was boldly affirmed was tried to-day, but such may not after all be the case, as an artificial demand for gold is certainly maintained by the unceasing speculation. The break in the gold market, which very many anticipated has certainly not taken place, and it may be accepted as a good sign that prices decline so gently, that all who speculated against the paper money have ample time to cover. For the end of April speculation has now set in and heavy sales were made, opening at 28.80, running up to 28.90, and closing at 28.85, and for end of year at 28.55. The sales of the day reached 958,940 pats.

The attendance on the Bolsa was very large notwithstanding that it was St. Patsick's Day, and we noticed only one broker who wore a shamrock. The heat as usual in the middle of the day was most intense, although out at Flores it rained a few drops this morning. At noon the ring formed and gold opened much dejected, the haze of the Railway loan envelops the board, and according to the generally admitted theory this morning, the gold has to be brought out here and paid dollar for dollar as the bonds are delivered, thus saving the country the loss of interest on coupons running from April 1st. The extreme simplicity of the business is what most recommends it, no commissions, no charges, simply the gold paid into the Treasury as the bonds are delivered at a fixed rate; we have had no business of the kind ever before negociated so in this market, and those who calculated on the money remaining in Europe to pay for materials, now find out their mistake.

March 18th, 1881

This was decidedly the day of greatest excitement on the Bolsa, and from the minute the ring opened until the brokers were turned out at 4 o'clock speculation continued ripe, the bulls certainly gaining the day.

Gold opened at 29.05 with a tremendous hub-bub, and spite of everything about the rain and the loan advanced, closing at 29.10. At half past 1 o'clock to-day nobody believed either in the rain or in the loan, and every imaginable bola was current that astronomers the wisest since the days of Sesostris and Ramsay had predicted that there would be no rain for 47 days yet. Others dropped from the clouds with speaking telegrams from London offering higher and better terms than all the others put together. It was in such an atmosp here of predicted sorrow and certain doubt that a new bull entered the ring and bought right and left, and then the market rose. The sales of the day reached 1,109,000 pats., and at after hours nearly another million bought and sold.

The leading actuals in this morning's *Republica* on the resumption of specie payments was the talk of the whole Bolsa, and as it is generally said that the talented editor of that paper full well knows the views of our leading men increased importance was attached to the statement. Affairs are on the eve of very great changes in this market when a well known and leading merchant stated that henceforward all his sales will be made in paper. It would seem that precisely what occurred in the U. States is going to happen here, and all who believe in the country and in the currency are destined to come out all right in the long run.

Perhaps the best news of the day is that there is more doing in wool, and some large piles in the depot have at last moving off. It is estimated that within the last few days fully 10,000 bales have been disposed of, and the best proof of this is that the freight market is very hard and rising, and all the steam agents report plenty of cargo offering.

Exchange looks upward, the £10,000 passed yesterday is reported to be for mules bought. The Savoie sailed to-day and the exchange rates closed hard and with bills over. It is likely that for the French mail the rates will close higher, as all the brokers report plenty of bills offering.

March 19th, 1881

Although this was Saturday and the vencimientos reached 373,500 pats; there was far less of a push in the gold market to-day than yesterday. The bulls still seem to hold the market on time, whilst they have given it up for cash, and what has rarely occurred in this market for some time back gold was cheaper cash than for end of the month. The pressure on the gold market now seems to come from the houses, many of whom, reading the future at the light of an improvement that each day is becoming more obvious, consider that at the end of this year there will be an end to 'curso forzoso'. The cidevant Bolsa King publicly stated in the hall to-day that on January 2nd, 1882, the patacon would be again at $25 and convertible over the way, and although of course this is merely the opinion of a gold broker and an admitted speculator, still it is always useful for merchants and others to know the views of some of these people.

Gold opened at 29.10 cash and closed at 29.05. Cash sales 129,465 pats, but for the end of the month there is a tremendous push by the bulls; prices opened at 29.10, then dropped to 29, and closed at 29.10. Again for April prices advanced 10 cents opening at 28.80 and closing at 28.90, and for May and June at 28.80.

Cedulas, spite of the hub-bub about the projected loan to the Municipality, rule rather firm, opening at 93½ and closing at 93¾. We give at foot a letter received on the Cedulas subject, which although opposed to our views on the matter, may interest the market.

National Bank Shares—Nothing sold cash or for end of month. Two lots for April at 79. Buyers for 31st March 78½, which is higher than 79 for April. The fortnightly balance-sheet of the bank was out to-day and will be found at foot. We note the bank holds—

Gold	1,554,753
Fuertes	631,520
	$f.2,186,278
Emission	1,426,026
Surplus over emission	$f.760,252

The Bank also holds—

National Bonds	1,206,332
Treasury Notes	1,000,000
	$f.2,206,332

We give these figures to show the splendid position of this bank, and they say on 'Change that at any moment we may have the bank entering the Exchange market and drawing on London and Paris, as it appears credits have been duly arranged there on a satisfactory basis.

March 21st, 1880

The week has opened on a remarkably slow gold market; prices holding very firm spite of the rather general conviction that rates will give way. For cash only 58,544 pats. sold, opening at 29 05 and closing at 29.10; for the end of the month only 165,000 pats. sold at 29.05, which shows a slight turn in the market since Saturday, namely that gold is cheaper on time than for cash. Sales for April at 28.85.

Cedulas flattened down to-day to 93, and the stock seems to sympathise with the Municipal project to raise Cedulas to pay off deficits; the sales cash were cheaper than on time.

National Bank Shares are becoming more speculative even than gold; 1,800 shares sold for the end of the month at 78½, and 391 for April at 79½. Formerly such large sales would at once tell on the market, but now they are thought nothing of, and the shares, which formerly were in the hands of a limited circle are now held by the public. Bonos Provinciales one sale for end of month at 1½ premium.

The heat to-day was very intense, and more rain is much needed. We hear that there are parts in the camp where it has not rained a drop, and many parties fearing a 'seca' in the winter are selling their 'rodeos'.

Amongst the passengers leaving in the Douro on the 8th are Dean Monsignor Dillon who goes as special agent for the Government to Ireland, and Mr Edward Casey who makes a trip to Europe during the winter months. The Douro will leave a ver, full ship.

With much pleasure we announce that all pending questions between the Argentine Government and the Eastern Argentine Railway have been most satisfactorily arranged, and Mr Thompson, the representative of the Company here has telegraphed to the London Directors, announcing the fact. We compliment Mr Cortinez, our Minister of Hacienda, on this arrangement, as it was indeed a matter of regret to all that so very large a balance should remain over so long due to the shareholders.

The Italian Exhibition inauguration was the talk on 'Change to-day; many parties see in it a new departure for these countries; it is certainly the first of the kind ever attempted here, and, if it shows a rapid growth of native industry, it shows a still more rapid growth of foreign enterprise and foreign representation. A very large and influential portion of our Bolsa community is Italian, whilst but a few years ago only the well known broker called the Italian's friend figured at the ring, but the Italian interests in this market are growing as fast as the country itself, and these splendid interests steady the country and strengthen its development. The Italians are now figuring conspicuously as exporters; both wool and hides are bought daily in the Plazas for Italy and in fact what the Italians want to still further develop their interests in this market is more capital. The Italian Bank ought to have double its present capital, and under its very able management it would have safe and remunerative employment for the increased amount.

BIRTHS

On the 8th March, at Lobos, the wife of Mr. Michael MacKeon of a daughter.

On the 16th inst, at 26 Calle San Luis, the wife of Duncan A. Campbell of a son.

On 18th March at Rosario de Santa Fe the wife of John Eppington of a daugther.

MARRIAGES.

On 7th ult. at Chascomus, by the Rev. M P Ferguson, Ernesto Harms, Pila, to Anita Bach.

On 25th ult. at the estancia Santa Catalina, Chascomus, Henry Wilde, Jeppener, to Anita MacInnes.

On 1st inst, at Dolores, by the Rev. M P Ferguson, Charles Purdie, Ayacucho, to Cecilia Bolton.

On 8th inst, at the Manse, Chascomus, by the Rev. M P Ferguson, Alexander Craise, Espartillar, to Isabel Anderson.

March 11, by the Rev. James Smith, John, eldest son of the late Thomas Cleland, to Hannah Burns, eldest daughter of T. Thompson, of Salta.

DEATHS.

March 10th Sarah Ann Staut Aged 15 years third daughter of I. J. Staut. Arcbt and C. E.

March 8 at St. Gall, Switzerland, Dorothea Fels, nee Bercht, widow of the late Mr. Theod. Fels, aged 49.

On the 13th ult. at Glasgow, James McKechnie, aged 96 years.

EUROPEAN EDUCATION—Newton College, one of the best colleges in England, specially for sons of distinguished families of the Republic—International College. Course of studies at option of English, Spanish, French, German, Portuguese, Italian, Dutch, Latin, Greek, Geography, History, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Sciences, Book-keeping, Commercial Career, Exact Sciences, Drawing and Music. Only 20 pupils are admitted. Hygienic situation, at Rock Ferry, near Liverpool. Moderate rates. Information to be had in the principal capitals of Europe. Programmes gratis in the Dutch Consulate of Buenos Ayres, 154 Venezuela; in the offices of the Bureau Veritas, Calle San Martin 73; and in Cordoba, Dr. Weyembergh, of the University.

g 247 a4

Ferro Carril de Buenos Aires y Campana

Desde el 1º de Abril de 1881 y hasta otra aviso, el horario de los trenes será como sigue—

Dias de Trabajo solamente

SALIDAS

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Central	salida	7 25	9 20	3 15	5 5
Retiro	salida	7 33	9 28	3 24	5 13
Retiro y 1 de Febrero	salida	7 47 v	9 38 v	3 40 v	5 23 v
Belgrano	salida	8 0	9 46	3 52 x	5 31
San Martin	salida	8 15 x	10 0	3 57	5 45
Molino Bancalari	salida	8 20			
Pacheco	salida	8 57			
Alvear	salida	9 15			
Escobar	salida	9 42			
Rio Lujan	salida	10 0			
Campana	llegada	10 55			

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Campana	salida	4 0	6 0	11 0	1 0
Rio Lujan	salida	4 45	6 45	11 45	1 45
Escobar	salida	5 0	7 0	12 0	2 0
Alvear	salida	5 17	7 17	12 17	2 17
Pacheco	salida	5 34	7 34	12 34	2 34
San Martin	llegada	6 10	8 10	1 10	3 10
Molino Bancalari	llegada	6 30	8 30	1 30	3 30
San Martin	salida	6 44	8 44	1 44	3 44
Belgrano	salida	6 59	8 59	1 59	3 59
Parque 3 de Febrero	salida	7 10	9 0	2 10	4 10
Retiro	llegada	7 38	9 28	2 38	4 38
Central	llegada	7 50	9 40	2 50	4 50

Domingos y Dias Feriados

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Central	salida	8 0	9 20	3 15	5 5
Retiro	salida	8 13	9 33	3 24	5 13
Retiro y 1 de Febrero	salida	8 22 v	9 38 v	3 40 v	5 23 v
Belgrano	salida	8 38 x	9 46	3 52 x	5 31
San Martin	salida	8 45	10 0	3 57	5 45
Molino Bancalari	salida	9 0			
Pacheco	salida	9 36			
Alvear	salida	9 52			
Escobar	salida	10 19			
Rio Lujan	salida	10 45			
Campana	llegada	10 55			

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Campana	salida	4 0	6 0	11 0	1 0
Rio Lujan	salida	4 45	6 45	11 45	1 45
Escobar	salida	5 0	7 0	12 0	2 0
Alvear	salida	5 17	7 17	12 17	2 17
Pacheco	salida	5 34	7 34	12 34	2 34
Molino Bancalari	llegada	6 10	8 10	1 10	3 10
San Martin	llegada	6 30	8 30	1 30	3 30
San Martin	salida	6 44	8 44	1 44	3 44
Belgrano	salida	6 59	8 59	1 59	3 59
Parque 3 de Febrero	salida	7 10	9 0	2 10	4 10
Retiro	llegada	7 38	9 28	2 38	4 38
Central	llegada	7 50	9 40	2 50	4 50

REGRESOS

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Campana	salida	5 45	7 45	12 45	2 45
Rio Lujan	salida	6 26	8 26	1 26	3 26
Escobar	salida	6 40	8 40	1 40	3 40
Alvear	salida	7 04	9 04	2 04	4 04
Pacheco	salida	7 21	9 21	2 21	4 21
San Martin	llegada	7 54	9 54	2 54	4 54
Molino Bancalari	llegada	8 16 x	10 16 x	3 16 x	5 16 x
San Martin	salida	8 21	10 20	3 20	5 20
Belgrano	salida	8 33	10 34	3 34	5 34
Parque 3 de Febrero	salida	8 44	10 42 v	3 42 v	5 42 v
Retiro	llegada	9 0	11 0	4 0	6 0
Central	llegada	9 0	11 0	4 0	6 0

ESTACIONES		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Campana	salida	6 45	7 7 v	1 30	5 45
Rio Lujan	salida	7 26	7 43 v	2 7	6 26
Escobar	salida	7 43 v	7 54 v	2 23	6 40
Alvear	salida	7 54 v	8 8 v	2 33	6 54
Pacheco	salida	8 11	8 18 v	2 49	7 11
San Martin	llegada	8 33	8 40	3 7	7 30
Molino Bancalari	llegada	8 55	8 55	3 23	7 50
San Martin	salida	9 0	9 0	3 44	8 0
Belgrano	salida	9 20	9 20	4 0	8 20
Parque 3 de Febrero	salida	9 33	9 33	4 13	8 33
Retiro	llegada	9 50	9 50	4 30	8 50
Central	llegada	10 0	10 0	4 40	9 0

v Los trenes marcados asi pararán solamente cuando haya pasageros.

LA ADMINISTRACION

Ferro-carril del Oeste

Desde el 20 de Setiembre, 1880, *hasta el* 31 *de Marzo*, 1881, *los Trenes marcharán como sigue*—

SALIDAS

ESTACIONES	1	3	Mixto	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21
Parque	5 0	6 55x	9 0	10 15	12 45	3 40	5 28	6 30x	8 40	10 30	12 0
1 de Setiembre	5 15	7 10	9 15	10 30	12 55	3 55	5 43	6 45	8 55	10 45	12 15
Almagro	....	7 19	9 18	10 33	1 0	4	5 46	6 48	8 58	10 48	12 18
Caballito	....	7 33	9 33	10 45	1 15	4 15	6	7	9 13	11	12 33
Flores	5 35	7 39	9 38	10 49	1 19	4 19	6 5	7 5	9 18	11 5	12 38
Floresta	....	7 53	9 52x	10 55x	1 33	4 33	6 19	7 19	9 32	11 19	12 52
Liniers	....	7 55	9 45	10 55	....	....	6 10	7 10	9 30	11 10	12 50
Ceres Mercy	....	8 40	9 50	11 0	....	....	6 15	7 15	9 35	11 15	12 55
Moron	6 55x	7 55x	10 12x	11 15x	....	....	6 30x	7 30x	9 50	11 30x	1 10
Ituzaingo	....	8 10	10 30	11 30	....	....	6 45	7 45	10 5	11 45	1 25
Merlo	....	8 20	10 45	11 50	....	....	6 55	7 55	10 15	11 55	1 35
Moreno	6 30	8 30x	11 0	11 59	....	....	7 5	8 5	10 25	12 5	1 45
Rodriguez	6 50	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lujan	7 30x	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Olivera	8 15	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Mercedes, Llegada	8 35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Mercedes, Salida	8 55	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

SUPPLEMENT TO
THE STANDARD
AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

No 5,645 — BUENOS AYRES, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23 1881 — 20TH YEAR

London and River Plate Bank
(LIMITED)
London, Buenos Ayres Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital..... £2,000,000 Ster
Subscribed Capital..... 1,600,000 „
Reserve Fund..... 160,000 „

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA

Current Accounts opened with Commercia Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Deposing Bills, Coupons, &c., for Collection—subject to a Conventional Commission.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c, the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
N. 52 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON E.C

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Issued and Purchased on the following places:
LONDON
And all the principal Towns of ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND

Antwerp	Alessandria
Amsterdam	Ancona
—	Bologna
	Como
	Florence
Berlin	Genoa
Bremen	Leghorn
Cologne	Lucca
Hamburg	Milan
Metz	Messina
Mulhouse	Naples
Strasbourg	Padua
—	Palermo
	Parma
Bayonne	Rome
Bordeaux	Spezia
Brest	Turin
Chambery	Venice
Dijon	Verona
Havre	And on many other towns n Italy
Lille	—
Lyons	
Marseilles	
Nantes	Barcelona
Nice	Bilbao
Oloron	Cadiz
Pau	Cartagena
Paris	Corunna
Rouen	Caldas de Reyes
Tarbes	Corcubion
Toulon	Ferrol
Toulouse	Granada
And on many other towns in France	Madrid
—	Malaga
	Mallorca
Bale	Menorca
Berne	Padron
Geneva	Pamplona
Lucerne	Pontevedra
Neuchatel	San Sebastian
Vevey	Santander
Zurich	Sevilla
And on other towns in Switzerland	Santiago
—	Valencia
	Valladolid
Lisbon	Villagarcia
Oporto	Vigo
Las Palmas (Canary Islands,)	Zaragoza
Santa Cruz de Teneriffe.	And on many other towns in Spain
—	—
	Santiago de Chile
Baltimore	Valparaiso
Boston	South Africa
New York	Australia
Philadelphia	—
—	
Fernambuco	Cordoba
Rio Janeyro	Rosario
Santos	Montevideo.
—	

JOHN TODD
Manager

London & R. Plate Bank
(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista).

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.
MONEDA CORRIENTE.
On deposits in account current } 3 per cent
Do do subject to 30 days' notice of withdrawal „ „ } 3½ p cent
On do for 90 days fixed 4 „

GOLD
days fixed „ „ „ 3 p cent

In account current—No interest

CHARGED.
For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.
On debit balances in account current in gold and m/c } 9 per cent

Buenos Ayres, January 22, 1881.
JOHN TODD, Manager.

Lloyd Argentino
DE
Navegacion a Vapor
TIME-TABLE
OF THE
Buenos Aires and Campana Railway Co.'s Steamers
TRIDENTE & DIANA

On and from the 3rd of MARCH next the steamers TRIDENTE and DIANA, expressly built for this Company in order to facilitate the Traffic between Buenos Aires, Rosario y Santa Fe will run as follows until further notice—

MONDAYS, steamer DIANA to Rosario and intermediate ports

TUESDAYS, steamer TRIDENTE to Rosario and intermediate ports

WEDNESDAY, steamer DIANA to Rosario, Santa Fe and intermediate ports

THURSDAYS, steamer TRIDENTE to Rosario and intermediate ports

SATURDAYS, steamer TRIDENTE to Rosario and intermediate ports.

The Train will leave the Central Station at 2.15 p.m.

Passengers by these steamers will find excellent accommodation and good attendance, and merchants every security for their cargo

The Company has made arrangements with the Central Argentine, Tucuman and Andine Railways for the through booking of passengers, goods and parcels between the principal stations on these Railways and B. Aires.

The Agency undertakes to receive cargo for the steamers at the warehouse of the sender and to deliver same to the Consignee, also to take out the necessary permits.

For further information apply at the
AGENCY
Calle Piedad 35

N.B.—Cargo for these steamers will be received at the Campana Railway Company's Goods Shed at Retiro from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. on week days.

e 230 xp

Thomas Loader
Surgeon Dentist
139—Calle Cordoba—139
Next door to Libreria Inglesa
ROSARIO
e 70 xp

Banco de Italia Y RIO DE LA PLATA.
98 Calle Piedad 98

Capital en oro efectivo..... $f.1,500,000
Fondo de reserva, oro sellado $f. 67,960.49

Desde esta fecha hasta nueva aviso la tasa de interes será la sigue:—

ABONA:
En cuenta corriente y a la vista en moneda corriente..... 3 o/o annual
Id Id en oro..... 1 o/o id
A plazo fijo de 60 a 90 dias en moneda corriente..... 5 o/o id
A depositos de plazos fijos de 60 a 90 dias en oro, y a mas larges plazos en ambos monedas Convencional

COBRA:
Por adelantos en cuenta corriente en oro y moneda cor. 9 o/o annual
Descuentos de letras y pagares Convencional

SE DAN GIROS Y CARTAS DE CREDITO SOBRE
LONDRES,
PARIS,
BURDEOS,
AMBERES,
Y Todas las principales ciudades de
ITALIA.
COMO ASI SOBRE
PARANA,
CORDOBA,
SAN JUAN,
TUCUMAN,
VAL PARAISO.
MONTEVIDEO, y
RIO DE JANEIRO.

Horas de despacho.
Desde las 10 de la mañana hasta las 4 de la tarde y los Sabados hasta las 5.

Buenos Aires, 30 de Junio, 1879.
S. Pollinini,
Gerente.

Banco Carabassa & Cia.
157—CANGALLO—157

Desde esta fecha hasta nuevo aviso la tasa de interes sera como sigue:

SE PAGA
Por depositos en cuenta corriente o a la vista en moneda de curso legal.... 3
en oro sellado.... sin int
A plazo fijo de 30 dias en moneda de curso legal.....
„ „ 60 dias de..... 3½
„ „ 90 dias de..... 4
„ „ 60 dias en oro sellado 2
„ „ 90 dias en „ 3
„ „ a mayor plazo .. Convencional

SE COBRA
Por adelantos en cuenta corriente en moneda de curso legal..... 9
Por adelantos en cuenta corriente de oro sellado..... 9
Descuento de Pagares y Letras sera convencional

LETRAS DE CAMBIO
ESPAÑA
Se dan sobre LONDRES
„ ESPAÑA
„ PARIS
„ BURDEOS
„ MARSELLA
„ AMBERES
„ GENOVA pagadero en 60 pueblos de Italia.
„ SUIZA pagadero en 30 pueblos de Suiza.

CARTAS DE CREDITO.
Se dan sobre las principales Ciudades de Europa, tanto para viajeros, como para compra de mercaderias, no cobrandose comision sino sobre las cantidades de que se haga uso.

HORAS DE DESPACHO
10 a.m. a las 4 p.m. y los Sabados hasta las 5 p.m.

Buenos Aires, Enero 1, 1880.

Banco de la Provincia

Recibe depositos voluntarios que no bajen de 400 pesos m/c. y 16 ps. fuertes de curso legal y oro efectivo.

Estos depositos de m/c y moneda legal ganarán interes si permanecen 60 dias; pasados estos se los abona interes desde el dia de su entrada.

Los intereses se pagan en los primeros dias del mes o en el momento de retirar los depositos; y los no cobrados durante el año se capitalizan concluido el del deposito.

Todo deposito a premio se inscribe en una libreta que el Banco entrega al depositante, en la cual constan ademas las salidas por pago de intereses; no entregandose ninguno sino on vista de la libreta respectiva.

Recibe depositos comerciales, disponibles en todo momento como los anteriores.

Recibe depositos a oro pagaderos a la vista sin interes y a plazo de 60 y 90 dias, o mas, los que serán devueltos en monedas de oro de curso legal.

Descuenta tres veces a la semana letras con firmas abonadas a plazos de 90 dias y tambien pagarés de comercio desde siete dias hasta seis meses, con la condicion de ser abonados integros a su vencimiento.

Descuenta tambien a oro efectivo, pagarés de comercio desde 7 dias hasta 4 meses, con la condicion de ser abonados en la misma especie a su vencimiento.

Da libramientos a tres dias vista sobre las Sucursales de Dolores, San Nicolas, Chivilcoy Mercedes, Lobos, Salto, Azul, Baradero, Chascomus, Tandil, 25 de Mayo, Exaltacion de la Cruz, San Pedro, Pergamino, y Las Flores.

Las Sucursales dan cheques contra el Banco al portador, nominales y cruzados.

El Banco abona comision a los corredores en la primera introducion de las letras y pagares a descuento.

Desde el quince del corriente, y hasta nuevo aviso regirá la siguiente tasa de interés y descuento para las operaciones a moneda corriente, de curso legal y oro efectivo:

SE ABONA.
Depositos comerciales m/c y curso legal..... 3 o/o
id particulares a premio..... 5 „
id a oro a la vista sin interes
id id a 60 dias..... 2 „
id id a 90 dias o mas..... 3 „

SE COBRA
En el descuento general de letras y pagares comercial y no-comercial, en moneda corriente y curso legal y oro efectivo..... 7 o/o

Buenos Aires, Octubre 12 de 1880.
xp *B. GAYAN*, Secretario.

Bank of Ireland.
DUBLIN.

Bills of Exchange on the above Bank, and all its Branches, issued by the undersigned. Advances made on Produce.

EDWARD CASEY,
80—Calle Reconquista—80

La Fonciere
Marine Insurance Company
Capital 25,000,000 Francs.

Accepts sea and river risks on merchandize at moderate rates.

Company's Head-Office at Paris
AGENT
At Buenos Aires
P. CHRISTOPHERSEN
151—CALLE SAN MARTIN—151
e 350 xp

Adolfo Pein & Co.
Wool and Produce Brokers
ONCE DE SETIEMBRE
e 370 xp

FIRE INSURANCE
The North British and Mercantile Insurance Comp.
Established in 1809

Subscribed Capital..... £2,000,000
Reserve Funds—
Fire Department..... 1,097,248
Life Department..... 3,006,752
£6,104,000

Net Fire Premiums received in 1877..... £ 908,104
Fire Losses paid in 1877..... 636,646
Total Fire Losses paid during 10 Years 1866 to 1877..... 3,879,614

AGENTS IN BUENOS AYRES
Bates, Stokes and Co.
79—MAYPU—79
e 39 xp

Alliance British & Foreign Life and Fire Assurance Company

ESTABLISHED 1824

CAPITAL £5,000,000

Head-Office Bartholomew Lane
LONDON

Fire risks accepted by this old established Company at moderate rates, and losses promptly settled by the undersigned.

HENRY A. GREEN
AGENT
175 Calle Reconquista
e 46 xp

COMPANIAS Nacionales de Seguros
FLORIDA 128, (altos)
Seguros maritimos y contra incendios

LA ESTRELLA
(Fundada el año 1865.,)
Y LA SEGUNDA ARGENTINA
(Fundada el año 1877.)

Aseguran mercaderias y edificios contra incendios, y efectos para los rios y puntos de ultramar contra riesgos maritimos, ya sea en oro o en billetes de curso legal, a premios modicos y en condiciones liberales de polizas.

Seguros maritimos sobre buques a vela, para la navegacion fluvial de 4 pg anual.

SEGUROS SOBRE LA VIDA
Inversion de capitales en Fondos Publicos Nacionales o Cedulas Hipotecarias

LA BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA
(Fundada el año 1864.)
El Director General
D. Francisco F Moreno

The London Assurance Co. de Seguros
CONTRA PERDIDAS O AVERIAS POR INCENDIOS
ESTABLECIDA EN LONDRES
Autorizada por Patente Real
EN 1720
Para asegurar Edificios, Efectos, y Mercancias

Agents in Buenos Aires:
MOLLER & Co.
86—Corrientes—86

Los Agentes en Buenos Aires tienen pleno poder para Firmar Polizas y Pagar Reclamos in necesidad de referirse a la oficina Central en Europa.

Northern Assurance Co
LONDON
ESTABLISHED IN 1836,
Capital £3,000,000
AGENTS
M FORRESTER & Co.
185—Calle Piedad—187

Fire risks are taken at moderate rates, and the Agents have full powers to sign policies and settle losses without having to refer to London.

234 oct 31 1880

IMPERIAL Fire Assurance Comp.
IN LONDON
Established 18[illegible]
CAPITAL £1,600,000
Agents for the River Plate
Mantels & Pfeiffer

Risks taken at moderate rates, and losses settled here without reference to the Head Office in London.

e61 dx

The Marine Insurance Company
ESTABLISHED 1836

Capital..... £ 1,000,000
Reserve Fund.. £ 340,000
20—OLD BROAD STREET—20
LONDON,

Accepts risks on any description of merchandise, and for all ports of the world.

Policies may be made payable at any of the Company's Agencies.

Low rates, liberal settlements, and undeniable security.

HENRY A. GREEN,
175 Reconquista.
e 345 xp

American Bank Note Company
NEW YORK,

ENGRAVE BANK NOTES,
NATIONAL BONDS,
STOCK CERTIFICATES, &c.
The Largest and Oldest Established Company in America.
Agents in Buenos Aires
S. B. HALE & Co.
32 Reconquista.
e 1 xp

Marine Insurance
THE UNION MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED
LIVERPOOL & LONDON
CAPITAL £812,800

The Undersigned having been named Agents are authorized to Accept Sea and River risks
BATES STOKES & Co.
BUENOS AYRES AND MONTEVIDEO.
e 40 xp

CHARGEURS REUNIS
French Steam Navigation Company Regular Fortnightly Line of first class Steamers
between RIVER PLATE BRAZIL & HAVRE

DOM PEDRO	VILLE DE BUENOS AIRES
PAMPA	VILLE DE MONTEVIDEO
PORTEÑA	VILLE DE ROSARIA
BELGRANO	VILLE DE SAN NICOLAS
SAN MARTIN	VILLE DE RIO DE JANEIRO
HENRI IV.	VILLE DE BAHIA
SULLY	VILLE DE SANTOS.

The following Steamship will be despatched from this port—

SAN MARTIN
3,500 Tons
Captain GUEGAN
To sail on 27th MARCH
FOR
HAVRE

PAMPA
4,000 Tons
Captain VASSE
To sail on 11 of April
FOR
HAVRE

Touching at Santa Cruz and Teneriffe.

Fares for Havre 1st. class 125 $fts. 3rd class 50 $fts.

The attention of passengers is called to the very moderate fares by these splendid Steamers.

For freight, passages etc.
Apply to
P. CHRISTOPHERSEN, General Agent
Buenos Aires, 151 Calle San Martin.
Montevideo, 132 Calle Piedras.

NOTE—The Company wish to impress upon Importing Houses in the River Plate, that their steamers offer great advantages due to their regular sailings all the year round, and the splendid condition in which they deliver their Cargoes.

In quarantine times the steamers will come ont direct WITHOUT TOUCHING AT BRAZILS.—The Company's offices at Paris, are at 30 rue Le Peletier,—Havre, 191 Boulevard de Strasbourg.

e 66 xp

Cie. DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
Paquebots-poste français.

AGENCE PRINCIPALE DE BUENOS AIRES

DEPARTS: le 8 et le 24 de chaque mois

Depart du 24 Mars
LE PAQUEBOT-POSTE
NIGER
COMMANDANT JACQUES
Pour BORDEAUX, touchant a Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Dakar et Lisbonne.

Depart du .. ..
LE PAQUEBOT-POSTE
.....
COMMANDANT .....
Pour BORDEAUX, touchant a Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Dakar et Lisbonne.

MARSEILLE (compris le chemin de fer de Bordeaux a Marseille), deuxième classe entrepont $f 61.

La Compagnie délivre des billets d'aller et retour avec une réduction de 25 o/o sur le prix de passage de chambre arrière, et de 20 o/o sur celui de passage de chambre avant. Elle délivre également des billets d'aller et retour au prix de $f.101 aux passagers d'entrepont pour Bordeaux.

Les familles payant quatre passages de chambre jouiront d'un rabais de 15 o/o. Celles payant quatre passages d'entrepont jouiront d'un rabais de 10 o/o.

Pour les renseignements, s'adresser a Buenos Aires, a l'agence principale rue 25 de Mayo 77, et au Rosario, a M A Barran, agent de la Compagnie.

L'Agent
O. De Martrin Donos.

e 66 xp

For New York,
The first-class American Barque
"Samuel E. Spring"
Will load for the above port. For balance of cargo apply to
HENRY TAY,
or
J. A. MACLEAN,
Shipbrokers,
70 CALLE 25 DE MAYO,
217 m23

William Samson & Co.
Shipping & Forwarding Agents.
AGENCY OF THE
Allan Line of Steamers.
Buenos Ayres, 217 Reconquista.
Montevideo, 54 Zabala.
r 48 xp

Librairie Generale
53—Calle Peru—53
NEW WORKS

ESTUDIO TOPOGRAFICO DE LA PAMPA Y RIO NEGRO por Manuel OLASCOAGA, gefe de la oficina topografica e ingeniero militar, 1 magnifico volumen, in 4° adornado con varias laminas y un gran plano de la Pampa y Rio Negro, precio 150 m/c.

VIAGE A LA PATAGONIA AUSTRAL emprendido bajo los auspicios del Gobierno Nacional en 1876-1877 por Francisco MORENO, tomo 1°, 1 vol. in 8° illustrado con varias caminas, precio 150 m/c.

MIS ESPLORACIONES Y DESCUBRIMIENTOS en la PATAGONIA, 1877—1880, por Ramon LISTA; 1 vol. in 8°, adornado con varias laminas, precio 60 m/c.

LA CONQUISTA de QUINCE MIL LEGUAS. Estudio sobre la traslacion de la Frontera Sud de la Republica al Rio Negro; por D Estanislao S ZEBALLOS, 2da edicion, revisada y aumentada, I vol. in 8°, illustrado con varios mapas y planos, 75 m/c.

NOTE—The Librarie General offers under most favorable condiciones all publications referring to the Argentine Republic. Official publications in general, Codes, laws and decrees, sentences, statistics, documents, historics, antiquated and modern etc.

The new catalogue of American works is being prepared, and shall be given to all who ask for it.

LIBRAIRIE GENERAL
53—Peru—53
OF
Felix Lajouane
x178 m25

Books and Novelties.
Goodfellow's Calculator
McCulloch's Commercial Dictionary
Mrs Beeton's Household Management
Staunton's Works on Chess
Through the Looking glass
Advise to a Wife by Chavasse
Do do Mother do
Alice in Wonderland
Black's Atlas
New assortment of Oleographs, pretty and cheap
Tobacco pouches all sizes, quite new
A fine and large assortment of Writing Desks and Inkstands
Stone Ornaments entirely new patterns
Lawn Tennis, Rackets and Balls.
'La Libreria Inglesa'
7—San Martin—7
e 181 m22

Colegio Negrotto.
Esmeralda 378.

Se anuncia a los alumnos que no han regresado aun, que los premios tendran lugar en el Coliseo, en la noche del Jueves 24 del que rige. NB. Los señores ex-discipulos que no hubieren recibido invitacion para la vispera, sirvanse ocurrir al Colegio por ella,

Buenos Ayres, Marzo 10 de 1881.
SALVADOR NEGROTTO
Director.
h 201 m24

P.S.N.C.
Pacific Steam Navigation Company.

Quickest Route from the River Plate to Europe and the Pacific.

The following Steamers of this Company will be despatched from MONTEVIDEO,
With passages from Buenos Aires to Montevideo GRATIS.
Carrying correspondence under Postal Contract with H.B.M.'s Government.

FOR EUROPE
ARAUCANIA
23rd of March
GALICIA
6th of April
PATAGONIA
20th of April
BRITANNIA
4th of May
CORDILLERA
18th of May

Galicia and Britannia call at Rio, Lisbon,
Bordeaux and Liverpool
Araucania Patagonia and Cordillera call at Rio, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux and
LIVERPOOL.

FOR THE PACIFIC
BRITANNIA
21st of March
CORDILLERA
6th of April
IBERIA
18th of April
VALPARAISO
4th of May
MAGELLAN
16th of May

Touching at Punta Arenas, Talcahuano, Valparaiso and other Pacific Ports, up to Callao and Panama.

Passengers from BUENOS AYRES to MONTEVIDEO in connection with the Company's Steamers GRATIS.

These steamers have been built expressly for this route, and in their construction every modern improvement has been employed, thus affording safety, speed and every accommodation to be desired by passengers.

The regularity with which they make their voyages is a proof of their seaworthy qualities, and their Commanders are justly famed for the discipline maintained on board their vessels and their attention to passengers.

All the steamers carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

First class return tickets at a reduction of 25 per cent.

Prepaid passages issued at reduced rates to those wishing to bring out their friends.

Passages to Montevideo FREE.

For freight, passages, &c, apply to the Agents
YARROW HETT & CO.
Buenos Ayres:
151—SAN MARTIN—151
Montevideo:
CALLE SOLIS 55

North German Lloyd.
LINE FROM BREMEN
GERMAN IMPERIAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Habsburg,	Hansa,
Hohenzollern,	Mosel,
Hohenstaufen,	Main,
Salier,	Rhein,
Strassburg,	Donau,
Köln,	Weser,
Berlin,	Neckar,
Leipzig,	Oder,
Ohio,	Hermann,
Baltimore,	Amerika
Nürnberg,	Kronprinz Fr. Wilhelm,
Braunschweig,	Graf Bismark,
Frankfort,	General Werder.
Hanover,	

The splendid steamer
BRAUNSCHWEIG
Captain C. POHLE
Will sail on the
.....
For
BORDEAUX
ANTWERP AND BREMEN
Calling at Montevideo

These magnificent Steamers, expressly built for the River Plate line, offer the most splendid accommodations for first, second and third class Passengers.

All these Steamers carry Physicians and Stewardesses.

Table Wine supplied GRATIS.

Cooking in the best German and French style

Tickets for Families at Reduced Rates.

First-class Return Tickets at a Reduction of One-fourth. Second-Class of One-fifth.

Prepaid Passages issued to Parties wishing to bring out their friends.

The outward voyage will be made from Antwerp and Bordeaux to Buenos Ayres DIRECT, without touching at any Brazilian port.

All these Steamers receive cargo for transhipment for all ports of England, Holland, Denmark, Sweden as far as Finland.—Freight conditional. Cargo for Hamburg paying same rates as for Bremen direct.

Goods from England are shipped in these Steamers via Bremen or Antwerp, with direct Bills of Lading.

The Company covers Insurance on Specie shipped in their Steamers.

For freight and passages and further particulars apply to the General Agents.
K. V. EMSTER,
General Lavalle 105
Or to A. SCHARFFENORTH, Broker,
Calle San Martin, No. 133

For New York,
The first-class American Barque
"Samuel E. Spring"
Will load for the above port. For balance of cargo apply to
HENRY TAY,
or
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Buenos Ayres, 217 Reconquista.
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r 48 xp

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OF
Felix Lajouane
x178 m25

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Black's Atlas
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Tobacco pouches all sizes, quite new
A fine and large assortment of Writing Desks and Inkstands
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7—San Martin—7
e 181 m22

Colegio Negrotto.
Esmeralda 378.

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Buenos Ayres, Marzo 10 de 1881.
SALVADOR NEGROTTO
Director.
h 201 m24

Societe Generale de Transports Maritimes
A Vapeur
PAQUEBOTS-POSTE FRANCAIS
Regular Monthly Service to and from the River Plate.
Montevideo,
Rio Janeiro,
Barcelonne
Marseilles
Gènes et Naples
The Steamship
LA FRANCE
CAPTAIN LEMAITRE
will sail on
18th of April

20 per Cent. Reduction on Return Tickets
1st CLASS ..... $150 Oro.
2d „ ..... 120 „
3d „ ..... 50 „

3d Class Tickets will be given from Europe to here at 32 patacons, gold.

The ticket for the small steamer is together with the passage ticket.

In case of quarantine, the expenses are on account of the Company.

Receives cargo for Valencia, Alecante, Carthago ann Malaga.

For freight and Passage apply to
P. y E. MATTHEY,
Consignataires,
2 RECONQUISTA 226.

Banco Nacional
42—RECONQUISTA—42
Horas de oficina de 10 a.m. a 4 p.m. y los Sabados hasta las 5 p.m.

Desde la fecha y hasta nuevo aviso a tasa de interes sera como sigue:

ABONARA
Sobre depositos en oro, a la vista..... 1½ o/o
Id a 90 dias fijos..... 4 id
Id en plata despues de 60 dias..... 1 id
Id en moneda de curso egal, a la vista..... 3
Id a 90 dias fijos..... 6
Id on Caja de Ahorros, despues de 30 dias..... 6

COBRARA
Por descuento de pagares de comercio 7 o/
Id id en curso legal 8 id
Id de Letras..... 9 id
Por adelntos en cuenta corriente renovacion..... 10

Buenos Aires, Noviembre 20, de 1880.
EL DIRECTORIO

Hotel Provence.
Cangallo, No. 29.

Fine suits of Rooms for Families.
Cleanliness, attendance, and cuisine of first order.
Visitors of short stay in town, Board and Lodging, at $50 per day.
Orders for Breakfasts, Dinners, Suppers' Lunches, Pic-nics.
Charges Moderate.
HOTEL DE PROVENCE,
JOSEPH PERES & CO.,

NOTE—The proprietor begs to inform his many clients that the hotel has been completely restorated, and is now perfectly new.

Hotel de la Paix,
Englishmen and others visiting B. Ayres will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.
Hydraulic Lift.
Reading-room.
Public Baths.
Charges are most moderate.
Wines superb.
Table d'Hote in European style, with room as lights and attendance.
HOTEL DE LA PAIX
Corner of Cangallo and Reconquista.

Carson's Hotel
PROPRIETOR,
W. D. CARSON,
162 RUA DO CATTETE
RIO JANEYRO

N.B. The Botanical Gardens Railroad Cars pass the door every 5 minutes.

cj—xp

Para San Nicolas y Rosario
Cargo Solamente. Vapores paquetes
INTERIOR
ORION Y LITORAL
Salidas—Jueves y Domingos
Tarifa. Mercaderias generales, toneladas 4 m/c
Carga de almacen..... 3.50
Nos encargamos del embarque de las cargas.
TORRADO y MOLERO
Reconquista 72

Mensagerias Fluviales a vapor
Nuevo Itinerario

SALIDAS PARA MONTEVIDEO
A las 5½ de la tarde,
Jueves 28..... Vapor SILEX.
Sabado 30..... " JUPITER
Lunes 1..... " COSMOS.

PARA SALTA Y ESCALAS
A las 10 de la mañana
Miercoles 27..... Vapor JUPITER
Viernes 29..... " COSMOS
Sabado 30..... " SILEX.

Carrera del Paraña
hasta Santo Fé
Haciendo 3 Viages directos semanales con los Vapores
PINGO y METEORO
SALIDAS

Los Martes Jueves y Sabados para San Pedro, Las Hermañas, San Nicolas, Rosario, Diamante, Parana y Santa Fe.

En combinacion con el Ferro Carriles del Norte y Campana, el 1° sale de la Estacion Central a las 12 del dia conduciendo los pasageros al Canal de San Fernando en 40 minutos de donde partiran estos esplendidos vapores, y el 2° de la misma Estacion a las 2½ de la tarde, que alcanza a estos vapores en Campana.

Los boletos de tren y equipajes para los dos Ferro Carriles se dan gratis en la agencia.

La carga se recibe en la vispera de la salida en la Estacion Retiro.

La agencia se encarga del embarque y desembarque de mercaderias y de toda tramitacion de aduana, cobrando precios sumamente reducidos.

PEDRO RISSO, Agente.
Reconquista 143 y 145.

Navigation of the River Parana.
To Rosario, Parana Santa Fe,
And intermediate Ports,
In combination with the Campana Railway.

For San Pedro,
Las Hermanas,
San Nicolas,
and Rosario
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

For Diamante,
Parana,
and Santa Fe
TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

The s.s. PROVEEDOR,
In combination with the train which leaves the Central Station at 2.15 p.m.
Passengers for Diamante, Parana and Santa Fe are transhipped at Rosario to the
s.s. LUJAN.

These steamers carry the mails under contract with the National Government.
Train tickets and luggage GRATIS.
All cargo received at the Campana Railway Goods-shed, Retiro, the day previous to sailing.
For passages, parcels, freights on specie and cargo orders, apply to
DAVID BRUCE,
54—Calle Cangallo—56

xpg

POST OFFICE diligences to Capilla, Zarate and Baradero. Great reduction in prices. Travellers and commercial men take notice. Having made a contract with the Campana Railway to suit the comforts and economy of my clients, I beg to inform them that from the 1st of March 1881 the following will be the tariff—From Buenos Aires to Baradero 1st class, including diligence, 100 m/c; 2nd class 90 m/c; return tickets 1st class 160 m/c; 2nd class 140 m/cs: from B. Aires to Espilla 1st class 80 m/c: 2nd class 70 m/c, including diligence, return ticket 130 m/c 1st class; and 110 m/c 2d class. Departures from Baradero every day of the week, and from Capilla every other day. Tickets to be had at the Railway Station, and Agencies, in Campana, S. Antellarria, in Capilla, Hotel Superbin: in Zarate, Hotel Capdeville; in Capilla, Viuda Rousseau; in Buenos Aires, Piedaas 39. Proprietor, Santiago Guillermon.

x246 m25

AL COMERCIO—Los abajo firmados tiene el honor de participar al comercio, que segun contrato firmado el 10 de Marzo 1881, las casas que giraban antes en este plaza bajo las razones sociales, Johnson & Co. y Erfford and Gaibisso, se han juntado y seguiran en adelante en los mismos negocios de corredores maritimos bajo la firma de Johnson, Gaibisso y Comp. Carl Johnson, Antonio Gaibisso, Christian J Erfford. Escritorio Calle Cuyo No 60.

x2oc m24

FOR SALE. Splendid Office Fixtures for sale cheap, with option of renting the office, situated in a central locality. Apply at 89 Reconquista.

e 13 175m

38 PERU 38

A LA CIUDAD DE LONDRES

38 PERU 38

TIENDA—— HOY LA MAS VASTA Y MEJOR SURTIDA DE BUENOS AIRES

Recibiendo los Articulos de moda, los mas recientemente creados, por cada paquete de Francia é Inglaterra

Primera casa en Buenos Aires, habiendo establecido el sistema de vender todo de confianza y á *PRECIO FIJO*, lo que le ha valido un éxito sin igual hasta hoy

CALLE PERU 30, 32, 34, 38 Y 40

ENTRADA UNICA 38, CALLE PERU, 38

Entre Rivadavia y Victoria

SEMANA SANTA

Avisamos á nuestras favorecedoras y al publico en general, que los surtidos recibidos en prevision de la SEMANA SANTA, seran puestos en venta el Jueves 3 de Marzo, Viernes 4, Sabado 5, Lunes 7 y dias siguientes.

Los surtidos que pondremos en venta se componen de—Tapados, Confecciones y vestidos para Senoras y niñas, Vestidos de gro negro con lindisimo adornos de Rase liso y labrada, Vestidos de Raso Merveilleux de colores con adornos de terciopelo bordado, raso labrado y adornados con las guarniciones las mas en voga, Gorras y Sombreros, gustos esquisitos, Sederia de colores y blancas, Sederias labradas y de fantasia para guarniciones, Generos para Vestidos de mil y una clase distintas, Mantillas Españolas negras y blancas, Articulos de Toilette, Ropa Blanca, Parures, Moños, Boneteria, Merceria, Perfumeria, Guantes, Corsés, Guarniciones &c.

38 ----PERU-----38 A LA CIUDAD DE LONDRES 38-----PERU-----38

En la Seccion de Avisos se encontrará proximamente el detalle de los principales articulos.

Resumen
DE
REMATES
A EFECTUAR POR
Baltar y Quesada
Martillero: Florencio Madero

EN MARZO

El martes 29 a las 4. De 182 cuadras campo en San Vicente. Base $350,000.

Id id a las 4½. De 85 cuadras de campo en San Justo, en nuestra casa. La cuadra $3000.

Id id a las 4. De 55 cuadras de campo en San Vicente, en nuestra casa.

Id id a las 4½. De 20 carneros Rambouillets, en nuestra casa.

Domingo 27, a las 4. De una casa en la calle Mexico No. 698. Base $140,000.

EN ABRIL

Viernes 1, a las 4. Una chacra en Flores, en nuestra casa.

Miercoles 6, a la I. 5000 cabezas ganado vacuno, en nuestra casa.

Viernes 8, a las 2. De 650 cabezas vacuno en nuestra casa.

Sabado 9, a las 4. 3½ manzanas terreno en la calle del Arena Base ps. 156,250.

e xp

REMATE
POR
Baltar & Quesada
De 162 Cuadras de
CAMPO FLOR
EN EL
Partido de San Vicente
Con magnificas poblaciones

Campo alambrado—En perfectisimo estado

Tasacion $525,000

Base para la venta $350,000

En nuestra casa San Martin 51

El Martes 29 de Marzo a las 4 de la tarde procederemos a vender al mejor postor y bajo la base arriba indicada, el magnifico campo de pastoreo situado entre las estaciones San Vicente y Donselaar y como a 30 cuadras de distancia de cada una.

El campo por las condiciones superiores de sus pastos es superente para un pequeña finca, el se encuentra todo alambrado con medios postes reforzados colocados cada 3 varas y con 4 kil. alambre.

El campo mide 1200 vs de frente por 3876 vs de fondo previniendose que por el costado S E el terreno mide 1230 vs de frente, lo que hace una superficie total de 162 cuadras Los linderos son por sus costados los herederos de D Jose Ortego por otro con campo de Zamudio, por otro con Da Paula Pareja de Fredes.

La poblacion principal sola de este campo, vale mas del precio de venta, existen igualmente 2 poblaciones mas.

El campo ha estado descansado y es aparente para cualquier negocio. El edificio grande se compone de 9 piezas, y la construccion de el es estilo suizo, existe igualmente un galpon con techo de zinc, como asi mismo una esplendida Noria.

Titulos perfectos, por mas datos a nuestra casa San Martin.

NOTA—La venta se hara la mitad al contado y la otra mitad a plazos.

EN SEGUIDA

55 cuadras cuadradas
Linderas al anterior
Con una figura perfecta y con un buen monte

El mismo dia y a la remate anterior venderemos conjuntamente o separado una fraccion de campo lindera a la anterior y cuya superficie es de 55 cuadras, con alambrado por tres costados, un monte superior, las condiciones del campo son de primera clase.

Se puede visitar cualquier dia, bajandose en la estacion San Vicente, prejuntando por el campo de Justo Fredes, cualquier cochero lo llevara para que vea este y el anterior.

Por mas datos a nuestra casa San Martin 51.

e 96 m25

POR LOS MISMOS
VERDADERO GRAN REMATE
DE HACIENDA
¡¡Alerta señores hacendados!!
5550 cabezas mestizo Durham
Con inclusion de 1000 novillos
ESTANCIA DE KAKEL
Origen cabaña Tapiales
Por orden de los Sres. Elia Hos.

Que ausentarse proximamente para Europa

Novillada garantida — 35 per100

EN NUESTRA CASA SAN MARTIN 51

El miercoles 6 de Abril a la una en punto de la tarde venderemos al mejor precio y dinero contado por liquidacion provisoria de sociedad entre los senores Elia y por ausentarse uno de ellos a Europa.

5550 cabezas de ganado al corte mestizo Durham cuyo origen arranca de la acreditadisima cabana de los Tapiales.

Los novillos pueden venderse si los interesados lo piden en un lote aparte del de la hacienda, existen de 2½ hasta 7 anos.

Nada hay que decir respecto de la calidad y excelencia de esta hacienda porque los campos y el credito del establecimiento de Kakel gozan desde muchisimos anos de su verdadera reputation.

La hacienda puedo verse todos los dias Jueves sin escepcion en la estancia de Kakel en cuya dia se parara el rodeo de madrugada.

El interesado tomara para esta operacion el tren que sale de la Estacion Central (ferro carril del Sud) a las 7 55 a m llegando a la Estacion Velazquez a las 5 30 p m hudiendo pudiendo entrar a Kakel en carruage media hora despues.

Al dia siguiente (Jueves) como se ha dicho hallara el rodeo parado, pudiendo regresar en el mismo dia a la ciudad.

Prevenimos que esta hacienda se ha mandado contar a objeto de poder conocerse dentro de dos o tres dias su num exacte, pero desde ya se garante que no bajaran de 5000 hue la novillada cuenie por un 35 o/o siendo el estado del todo es gordo como para los corrales, mas pormenores a nuestra casa San Martin 51.

h118 a6

POR LOS MISMOS.

650 Cabezas casi puras Raza Durham,

Esplendido origen, notabilisimo estado. El plantel del Rodeo arranca del año 1862 y se garantiza por su dueño no haberse mezclado jamas.

Proceden de la celebre

Estancia Mari-huincul
del Sr. D. Matias Ramos Mejia

En nuestra casa, San Martin 51,

El Viernes 8 de Abril,

A las 2 de la tarde,

Venderemos al mejor precio y dinero de contado en uno o mas lotes y por cuenta del Sr D. Matias Ramos Mejia, este magnifico rodeo, compuesto de:

650 cabezas mestizas Durham, verdaderas Short-horn, que se pusieron en rodeo en un solo potrero, alambrado desde el año 1862, tienen por origen el troso mas escojido de la hacienda que vendio en esa epoca la afamada estancia del Sr Alfaro (de Canuelas) y nunca han sido servidas sino por toros puros de lo mejor, importados uno y otros de la renombrada cabaña de los 'Tapiales,' por cuya razon tiene este ganado la misma pureza de sangre, ofreciendo la ventaja que la paricion de los ultimos anos esta toda orejana.

Es precisamente de este ganado de donde se extrajeron las magnigcas vacas que constithyen el conocido y acreditado tambo en Ramos Mejia, que siempre han estado servidas por toros puros de lo mejor en Buenos Ayres y que dan 22 a 24 cuartas de leche sin apurarlas.

En el rodeo que se vende hay gran cantidad de estas tamberas.

Se ve, pues, tomando su origen y la fecha (1862) que este ganado es clasificado de mestizo por su propriotario, cuando sus cruzas las clasifican hoy de ⅞ y ¼.

La venta se hara por todo lo que pisa.

Los dias Miercoles y Sabados se parara rodeo, y habra en la Estacion Maipu (F.C. del Sud) un breck a 4 caballos, que en 2½ hora conducira a los a los interesados a visitar las haciendas hasta Mari-Huincul.

Mas pormenores a nuestra casa, Calle San Martin No. 51.

g 134 a8

POR LOS MISMOS
85 cuadras en Matanzas
Cuadras de 150x150
En el Cuartel 4°
A una legua del pueblo de San Justo, a 3½ del Puente de Barracas
Sobre el mismo rio de Matanzas
Vale la cuadra $8000 m|c
Base balisima para venta $3000 m/c cuadra
En nuestra casa San Martin 51
El Martes 29 de Marzo,
A las 4½ en punto

Venderemos por el precio que exceda de la base fijada, a dinero de contado y por cuenta de su propietario, el Sr D Daniel Posse; este magnifico pedazo de tierra, excelente para la implantacion de una cabana modelo o para invernada (en razon de la proximidad a la ciudad) constituyendolo—

85 cuadras cuadradas de 150x150, campo inmejorable, con el rio Matanzas a su frente, lindando rio por medio con el establecimiento de la laguna de los Sres Salaberry y Mandia por el E. con campos de Madariaga (hoy Sr. Gramajo), por el O con el Sr Martin Iparraguirre y por el fondo con los Sres Artayeta Castex (antes General Madariaga).

Tiene un gran galpon de 16x30 construido de material y techado con teja francesa, con 12,000 tejas mas o menos, casa habitacion compuesta de cinco piezas, en perfecto estado, y ademas otras piezas buenas; tiene corrales y tras corrales, mucha parte del campo alambrado con 7 alambres y 224 postes, y el alambrado interior con 715 postes, hay jardin, gallinero, pozos etc.

Solo es escluyen de la venta, la prensa, los techos los cilindros y las finas.

Hay arrendamiento facil y solicitado de $3000 por cuadra, lo que importa una renta del 1 o/o.

Para ver el terreno, basta ir a la Estacion Ramos Mejia, donde hay carruajes que, por $20 conduce al interesado hasta este establecimiento, conocido por la Graseria de D Daniel Posse.

Mas informes a nuestra casa San Martin 51.

e 133 m24

POR LOS MISMOS
20 Carneros Rambouillet
Crusados con Lincoln
Una manada de yeguas de cria
De origen de la Estancia de Ezcurra
Todos clase superior y elegido
En nuestra casa
51—Calle San Martin—51
El Martes 29 de Marzo
A las 4½ en punto

Vendremos al mejor precio y al contado, por orden de su dueno el senor Don Juan M Nuñez y procedente del Establecimiento la Grunessia.

20 Carneros padres. Origen Rambouillet, de la cabaña de los señores Amaral e hijos y cruza de riquisimo Lincoln.

1 manada yeguas para cria, de origen del establecimiento del Sr Ezcurra.

Mas pormenores a nuestra casa Calle San Martin 51.

e 132 m24

POR
A Bullrich y Ca.
DE
UN GRAN TERRENO
En la Calle
DE CUYO
Formando esquina a las calles Castelli y Ferro-Carril frente a los depositos nuevos del Ferro-Carril del Oeste.
Todo cercado de pared
SIN BASE
AD CORPUS
El Jueves 24 de Marzo
A las 4 de la tarde

Remataremos a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado, el terreno indicado, cuyas dimensiones son 51½ varas de frente a la calle Cuyo formando esquina a las calles Castelli donde tiene 67 vs. y calle Ferro-Carril, en medio con los nuevos depositos del Ferro Carril del Oeste, donde tiene 72 varas de frente teniendo en el frente del fondo 61 vs. o sean cerca de 4000 vs cuadradas.

El terreno esta todo cercado de pared, de manera que puede utilizarse ya para un corralon, esta situado en uno de los parajes mas altos del 11 de Setiembre y por su inmediacion al mercado de frutos, de los grandes establecimientos, como molinos del Oeste, Buenos Aires, destileria, maestranza del Ferro Carril del Oeste, sus inmensos depositos, hoy chicos e insuficientes para recibir los frutos de nuestra campaña y otras industrias de gran importancia alli existentes, le dan a esta propiedad una importancia fuera de toda discusion y por su area grande se presta admirablemente para la plantesion de un vasto estaplecimiento industrial.

El Ferro Carril del Oestecuyas redes de acero se van estendiendo en todas direcciones y que antes que pasen muchos años no habra donde estender sus talleres, depositos, etc. y que no podra salir de aquellos contornos y alrededores nunca asegurara al comprador de esta propiedad, no un valor ficticio y mutable, sino real y es positivo que en vez de disminuir tiene que aumentar notablemente.

Titulos de primer orden.

Por mas informes a nuestra casa Alsina No. 78.

225 m24

POR LOS MISMOS
Preparense los Señores hacendados
Para el Gran Remate especial
DE
ANIMALES FINOS
De las razas, vacuno, caballar y lanar
Del gran Establecimiento
BLANDENGUES
Partido de Chascomus
Sobre la via ferrea del Sud
TREN ESPRESO IDA Y VUELTA
Que tendra lugar los dias 25, 26 y 27 de Marzo.

Habiendo vendido el magnifico y valioso establecimiento conocido por Blandengues, al Sr D Benito Lando y no habiendo entrado en esa venta los ganados finos de todas las especies, el propietario nos ha autorizado para proceder a su realizacion en remate publico, en lotes pequeños al gusto de los compradores.

Como las haciendas de que se trata son casi en su mayor parte finas y cuya venta demandara mas tiempo necesitandose como es consiguiento mas de un dia de remate, y en el deseo de que los señores que quieran asistir a el, puedan hacerlo con toda comodidad, hemos creido conveniente fijar la gran feria para tres dias, y en oportunidad anunciaremos el dia y hora de la salida del tren espreso.

El establecimiento Blandengues es celebre por sus crias finas y aunque nunca ha presentado sus productos en los remates que se dan en la ciudad.

Todos los criadores de la Republica saben que alli no se han cnoomizado dinero, ni se han ahorrado gastos para estar a la vanguardia de los primeros establecimientos del pais, y asi es que desde muchos años atras se han introducido alli los mejores animales que se necesitaban para el refinamiento de las razas tanto lanar como caballar, yeguarizo y vacuno de todo lo cual hay animales especiales, ya sean puros como mestizos.

Las especies que existen en 'Blandengues' se componen de majadas, tipos de cabaña en ovejas y padres puros Rambouillet de la Cabaña Imperial, hoy Nacional de Francia, majadas Lincoln servidas por carneros puros importados directamente de Europa, majadas finas Rambouillet, yeguas puras Normandas, yeguas pura sangre de carrera importadas de Inglaterra. En esta raza (la yeguariza) hay animales notables y de gran merito, de distintas razas, servidas por magnificos padrillos puros introducidos directamente de Europa y lo mejor que ha venido al pais.

En el ganado vacuno mestizo hay animales de mucho merito, y en cuanto a lo puro, hay vacas, vaquillonas y toros de la raza Durham que estamos seguros no dejaran nada que desear. Al anticipar este aviso a los senores hacendados tanto de esta Republica como de la Oriental e Imperio del Brazil, lo hacemos con el objeto de que se vengan preparando para este ramate que podemos reputar como el mas importante que se ha dado hasta hoy entre nosotros de ganados finos de todas las especies.

Hoy que esta demostrado de una manera evidente que la riqueza de nuestra tierra consiste en la ganaderia, y que cuanto mas nos dediquemos a su refinamiento, tanto mas aumenta la riqueza publica y privada por el valor que toman las especies y los campos, nos parece oportuno llamar la atencion de los Sres Hacendados, para que con tiempo se preparen a adquirir animales finos de toda especie nacidos en el pais o importados directamente, ya aclimatados y que no se ofrecen todos los dias en venta.

e g 245 xp

POR
Julian Martinez y Ca.
Para los criadores
3 Toros y 3 Vacas
Raza Durham
Recien llegados en el Vapor Maskeline.
Esplendidos Animales
por su origen y por sus formas
En nuestra casa Bolivar 7.
El Miercoles 23 del corr.
A las 2 de la tarde.

Venderemos al mejor precio, al contado y por cuenta y orden de una casa introductora, estos seis preciosos animales, raza pura Durham, recien llegados al pais y procedentes de una de las mejores cabanas de Inglaterra.

CHERRI BAY (43908) de la cria del Sr. Don Thomas Kirkhan, pelo colorado nacido el 3 de Enero de 1879, por el toro "Cherry Guynne 4°" (36350) y la vaca "simple Simon" (32487).

CHERRI BOB—De la cria del Sr. Don Thomas Kirkhan pelo colorado, nacido el 5 de Noviembre de 1879, por el torro "Cherry Guynne 4°" (36350) y la vaca "Simple Simon" (32487).

BARON INGLELY— De la cria del Sr. Don James Marton, pelo colorado, nacido el 1. de Mayo de 1879, por el toro "Ingiely Barrigton" (31413) y la vaca "Dora".

PASSION FLOWERS— Vaca de la cria del Sr. don W. H. Hewett, pelo colorado, nacida el 24 de Diciembre de 1876 por el toro "Gran Duque of Barrington" (34039) y la vaca "Passion Flowers 2da." Esta vaca fue servida por el toro "Red Rover" (40572) el 11 de Junio de 1880, tambien de pelo colorado, vease el Herd Book, vol, 24, pagina 219.

RUBY—Vaca de la cria del Sr. D. W H. Hewett, pelo colorado nacida el 13 de Junio de 1877 por el toro "Saccharometer" [35437] y la vaca "Red Jura". Esta vaca fue servida por el toro "Red Rover" [40572] el 4 de Diciembre de 1880, tambien de pelo colorado, vease el Herd Book, vol. 24, pag. 219.

ROSE OF NORTON—Vaquillona de la cria del senor don W. H. Hewett, pelo colorado, nacida el 25 de Abril de 1879, por el toro "Red Rover" y la vaca "Rose of Norton", Esta vaquillona fue servida el 31 de Enero de 1881 por el toro "Cupid" de pelo colorado, ganador del primer premio en la Exposicion de Jauton, en Noviembre de 1880.

Los pedegrees de estos animales perfectamente legalizados, se entregaran a los compradores despues del remate.

Los interesados pueden visitarlos desde hoy, en nuestra casa Bolivar No. 7.

128 m23

POR
Federico Somoza.
JUDICIAL
En el Rosario de Santa Fe
De una valiosa estancia con todas sus haciendas y un campo inmejorable
En su casa, calle de Cordoba 113
El Jueves 24 de Marzo
A las dos en punto

Rematare por orden de S. S. el Sr Juez de primera instancia Dr Don Emiliano Garcia, y valioso establecimiento de campo perteneciente a la testamentaria del Sr Don Joaquim de Loezarza, situado en este departamento, en el paraje denominado Indio Muerta, cuyo pormenor es el siguiente.

CAMPO

Se compone de un area de 2 leguas y 23,000, 000 vs cuadradas, aunque dentro de sus mojones se encuentra una area de 2 leguas y 27,587,439 vs cuadradas. Tiene el frente a la Canada del Sauce, por donde linda con los herederos de Alcorta, por la parte de arriba con Don Rafael Cobos y por la de abajo con Don Marcos Paz.

POBLACIONES

Una casa de azotea, compuesta de dos piezas bajas y una de alto.

Un galpon de material con techo de fierro galvanizado, compuesto de 24 vs de largo por 8½ de ancho, dividido en 3 departamentos.

Una caballeriza de material con techo de fierro, de 10 vs de largo por 6 de ancho.

Un gran potrero de alambrado de 1500 vs por costado, dentro del cual esta la quinta con muchos arboles frutales, la ensenada de cerco vivo y 300 vs de zanja por costado.

Una bebida de 32 vs de largo, formada de tablones de urunday, con su correspondiente noria.

Existen igualmente los corrales necessarios para el encierro de las ovejas, caballos, ets. asi como tambien los utiles y enceres correspondientes a un establecimiento de esta clase.

HACIENDAS

3512 animales vacunoco, mas o menos.
1108 ovejas mestizas "
1 mula
71 caballos
12 yeguas mansas
227 id chacaras

x74 m24

POR
Ricardo Eastman
DE
RICOS MUEBLES
En la casa habitacion de Monseñor el Dean Dr. D. Patricio Dillon,
En el Caballito.

Calle Real de Flores, frente a la Quinta de Ledesma. Al contado. EL VIERNES, 25 del corriente, a la una en punto, vendere el mueble que adorna dicha casa, los cuales solo hace cinco meses salieron de la muebleria, y se venden por ausentarse su dueno para Europa. El pormenor es el siguiente:

SALON.—Un juego de jacaranda, forrado en brocatelli de seda punzo, compuesto de dos sofaes, cuatro sillones, y doce sillas, casi sin uso; cuatro galerias con cenefas y cortinas, una mesa de centro jacaranda y piedra marmol, tres lindos grabados, cinco cromo-oleografias, un armonion, una lampera de fantasia, adornos, esterado rico, etc.

ESCRITORIO.—Un escritorio de nogal nuevo, un escritorio-comoda de roble maciso con caja de fierro, una bonita biblioteca, un sofa, un sillon, un aparato para napeles, un cuadro al oleo, una percha de fantasia bordada, un cuadro cromo-oleografia, un reloj, tintero de fantasia, esterado, etc.

SALON DE FUMAR.—Una mesa centro y seis sillas de roble solido, dos bibliotecas, dos habaneras, dos lindas perchas, etc.

COMEDOR.—Una mesa de caoba para doce cubiertas, un armario cristalero de nogal, doce sillas a lo Luis XIV, de nogal con asiento y respaldo de esterilla, un sofa de caoba forrado en reps, cuatro galerias con doble cortinado de cretona francesa No. 1, dos saliveras de porcelana especiales, tres cuadros magnes, una ovanpanilla, manteles y servilletas, juego de porcelana dorado con ribete azul, juego de cristal bacara floreado, juego completo de electro-plata una jarra muy linda del mismo metal, carpetas, cubiertos lindos de electro-plata floreados, ricos cuchillos y trinchantes, esterado nuevo, un reloj, etc.

PRIMER DORMITORIO.—Una cama de caoba tallada, con corona, cortinado, y colchones elastico y de lana; un lavatorio de caoba con espejo y piedra marmol, un juego para lavatorio, de porcelana, de gusto muy escojido; un juego laton para agua, un tohallero, un sillon forrado en crin, una mesa, de luz, un botellon para agua, candeleros, esterado, etc.

SEGUNDO DORMITORIO.—Una cama de fierro con colchones, un lavatorio de caoba con espejo y piedra marmol, un juego de laton para agua, un juego de loza para lavatorio, un armario ingles de caoba, dos cuerpos con columnas los que pocas veces se venden en remate.

TERCER DORMITORIO.—Una cama, con demas utiles para dormitorio, etc.

CUARTO DE BANO—Banadero de zinc, cansato para ropa, y varias alfombras.

COCINA.—Bateria completa.

PATIO.—Utiles de jardin, baldes cadena, sogas, etc.

h209 m26

Francisco Bulnes
JUDICIAL
A LOS ESTANCIEROS
3 leguas de campo flor
Con aguada ptrmanente y laguna dentre del campo
A 1 dia de viaje de la capital
Situado en el partido de Necochea
DENOMINADO
LAS CALAVERAS
La base para la venta
Es de 200000 ps.p.legua

Por orden del senor Juez de 1ª Instancia doctor Tedin. El dia 19 de Abril a las 2 de las tarde, se procedera a la venta en la casa de remate del senor Ponsati, Bolivar num. 83.

Este campo se encuentra rodeado de buenos vecinos, como lo son los senores que se designan: senor Anchoreno, senor Nepomusino Fernandez, senor Domingo Ezeiza, senor Bosch, senor Girade, por los pobladores pueden los interesados deducir la calidad de los campos de ese partido.

La base que se ha designado para la venta como se informaran por el edicto que abajo se publica, es la suma de insignificante de pesos 200,000, por la legua, y he dicho insignificante porque el valor que tienen los campos en ese partido es mayor como lo saben bien las personas inteligentes en este negocio.

Los linderos al campo que se vende son los senores por el NorOeste el senor Martin Gomez, por el NorEste con el senor Elegalde, por SudEste con el senor Nepomusino Fernandez y por el fondo linda con legua y media que le pertenece a la senora de Gomez y al senor Chueco.

El costado de campo que linda con el senor Elegalde esta alumbrada.

Los interesados que deseen mayores informes pueden ocurrir al rematador, Bolivar numero 61, o Tacuari num. 426.

Por carteles y planos pueden los interesados pasar por la calle de Bolivar num. 61.

EDICTO JUDICIAL—El senor Juez de 1ª Instancia en lo Civil doctor don Virgilio M. Tedin, ha dispuesto se proceda a vender en remate publico el dia diez y nueve del entrante mes de Abril, por el Martillero Francisco Bulnes, tres leguas de campo situadas en el partido de Necochea denominadas "Las Calaveras" de propiedad de dona Juana Gomez y de don Alejandro A. Chueco, equivalentes a 8099 hectares 5 areas, 48 centivaras, a cuyo campo se le ha asignado por los entercesados el valor de doscientos mil pesos moneda corriente a cada legua, siendo esta cantidad la base para la venta. Los que se interesen pueden ocurrir por los datos a la oficina del Secretario don Miguel Repetto a la que estoy adscripto, y por donde tramita la ejecucion que contra ese campo sigue don Jose Fernandez.—Buenos Aires, Marze 7 de 1881. Justiniano Reynoso.

Ademas este campo tiene dos arroyos, el de La Tinta y el del Pardo Marcelino.

h166

POR
J. M. Mackinlay
Importante Remate
De una magnifica propiedad en la Calle Perú 270, casa de altos
AD-CORPUS
Base para la venta $270,000
Se rematara el
Jueves 31 de Marzo
a las 3 de la tarde.

Esta propiedad ubicada en el centro de la ciudad, pues solo dista dos cuadros de la Universidad, Museo, Mercado del Centro, Casa de Gobierno Provincial; esta edificado en terreno de 12½ varas de frente por 33½ de fondo.

La parte baja se compone de siete piezas: cocina, letrina, e igual numero la parte alta.

Los titulos son inmejorables. Esta propiedad tiene un contrato por tres anos, cuyos bases pueden ver la el interesado en el Escritorio del Rematador, Calle Florida No. 238.

El remate se efectuara en la misma propiedad.

El comprador entregara, al firmarse el boleto como garantia, la suma de cinco mil pesos moneda corriente.

h183

POR EL MISMO
De una magnifica propiedad en la calle mas comercial de Buenos Aires,
Calle Artes No. 297 y 299
BASE PARA LA VENTA $ 465,000
El Viernes 1° de Abril
a las 3 de la tarde

Esta propiedad reconoce una hipoteca a favor del Banco Hipotecario por la suma de $ 80o0, quedando al gusto del comprador el continuar con ella.

Esta edificada en terreno de cinco y cuarta varas de frente al Oeste por cincuenta y una y cuarta de fondo al Este, tiene nueve piezas grandes, aljibe y pozo de balde etc., desta solo una cuadra y media del Mercado del Plata, dos de la Estacion del Ferro-Carril del Oeste, casi al frente de la Iglesia de San Nicolas y rodeada de tramways a todas direcciones.

Los titulos son inmejorables por mas detalles, escritorio del Rematador Florida 238.

El comprador entregara al firmarse el boleto, la suma de cinco mil pesos m|c. en garantia.

El remate tendra lugar en la misma propiedad.

h184

La Litografia de Alberto Larsch se ha mudado de la Calle Florida 164 a la misma Calle Florida 146.

e 68 a6

Guillermo Gowland y Ca.
AVERIAS AVERIAS
POR CUENTA DE SEGUROS
Y orden del Señor Consul Americano

20 bocoyes tabaco para ovejas, consignados a los Señores Moore y Tuder.—En los Depositos de Aduana Casares Viejo.

DEPOSITO ESCOLARES

El Jueves 24 de corriente a las 12 en punto, se rematara a la mas alta postura y dinero al contado, por cuenta y orden de quien pertenesca.

20 bocoys tabaco para curar ovejas en el estado en que se encuentran.

h237 m23

Giros Postales

Desde el 15 del corriente queda establecido el servicio de Giros Postales entre este ciudad y la de Montevideo.

Los Giros se expediran y se pagaran en la Tesoreria de esta Direccion (altos de la casa de Correos y telegrafos, angulo Sud Oeste) todos los dias habiles de 11 a 4 de la tarde. El importe de cada Giro no podra exceder de Cien pesos oro Orientales. La comision que se cobrara sera de diez centavos oro por los primeros diez pesos oro o fraccion, y un centavo por cada pesos oro adicional, o fraccion de peso. Los giros se expresaran en pesos oro Orientales, y los que pidan deberan entregar su importe puesto y la comision en cualquiera de las monedas siguientes—

La libra esterlina por $4.70, la media libra $2.35, moneda de 20 francos, francesa, italiana o belga $3.73; veinte mil reis, brasilera $10.56; diez mil reis $5.28; cinco mil reis $2.04; condor $8.82; aguila $3.41; y doblon espanol $4.82.

En cada Gira se admitira hasta cien cents. en plata Oriental y nueve cents. en cobre.

B. Aires, Marzo 12 de 1881

OLEJARIO OJEDA
Director Genl. de Correos y Telegrafos

e 161 m30

B. A. & Ensenada Port Railway Co. (Lim.)

A new Time Table will come into force, on the 1st April, and will be published in Kidd's Guia.

HENRY CRABTREE
General Manager

Central Station, 15th March, 1881

e 169 a1

Ferro-Carril del Sud.
AVISO.

El 1° del entrante empezara a regir un horario nuevo.

Por mas pormenores veanse los horarios de la Empresa y la Guia de Kidd.

Buenos Ayres, 19 de Marzo, 1881.

GEO. COOPER.

g 217 m30

Northern Railway

From 1st April inclusive slight alterations will take place in the Trains, see TIME TABLES which will be also published in Kidd's Guia.

HENRY CRABTREE
General Manager

Central Station, March 15th 1881

e 225 m23

Edicto Judicial

Los que se consideren con derecho a los bienes quedado por fallecimiento de Don Juan Valentin Smyth, se presentaran dentro del termino de 30 dias, ante el Sr Juez de 1ª Instancia en lo Civil, Doctor Don Miguel L Noguera por intermedio del infrascripto, a deducir sus acciones en forma, bajo apercibimiento de lo que haya lugar por derecho.

Buenos Aires, Feb. 23 de 1881.

NATALIO A. PONCE.
Escribano Secretario

x231 m30

EDICTO JUDICIAL—Los que se consideren con derecho a los bienes quedados por fallecimiento de Don Gregorio Cabrera y Dona Isabel Burgos se presentaran dentro del termino de 30 dias contadas desde la fecha, ante el Senor Juez de 1ª Instancia en lo civil Doctor Don Miguel L Noguera por intermedio de la Secretaria del infrascripto a deducir sus acciones en forma, bajo apercibimiento de lo que haya lugar por drrecho. B. Aires, Marzo 16 de 1881. Natalio A. Ponce. Escribano Publico.

x194 ap16

Just Received
A large consignment of the following goods

CANTON PRESERVED, Ginger, Limes
Chow Chow
HOMINY (5 lb bags) fresh Shrimps, Oxford and Bologne Sausages, Scotch Ling and fresh Salmon, Rice, Starch (in carton boxes ¼, 5 and 10 lb boxes), Rioja white Wine, extra fine Gin, Stag Whisky, Hennessy's Brandy 25 years old V. O.

MACLEAN & FEELY
103 Cangallo 103.

e 193 a2

J. M. MacKinlay
Auctioneer and Commission Agent
238—CALLE FLORIDA—238

Also undertakes the Sale and Purchase of Produce.

e 162 a14

A small supply of fresh, pure VACCINE LYMPH, just received from London at
Antigua Farmacia Inglesa
de C. CRANWELL
84—Reconquista—84

h192 m23

For Immediate Disposal

A 1 Fox and Bull Terrier Dog, just imported, affectionate, healthy and perfect in points, a really handsome dog.

Will be sold a bargain.

Apply 138 Calle 25 de Mayo.

e 153 xp

FURNITURE

A good assortment always on hand at
W. G. MARTINDALE'S
140—Calle Esmeralda—144

TO BE SOLD—A strong horse perfectly tamed, very quiet carries a Lady. Price $600. Apply Rose Hill, Caballito. (Good house required).

h207 m24

Call for Tenders
FOR THE
City Improvement Works
OF
BUENOS AIRES.

The Improvement Works Commissioners, duly authorised by National Government decree of 28th December last, hereby calls for tenders to complete the Dramage and Water Works within the radius defined by the Law of the Province of Buenos Aires of 9th Sept. 1876, subject to the estimated cost sanctioned by the Law of November 8th 1878, on the following bases—

1st—Tenders must be presented, before the 15th July of this year, to the Secretary of the Commissioners, under seal, to be opened on 30th of same month, in presence of those interested, or their representatives.

2nd—Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from the Treasury or the National Bank for 50,000 hard dollars, as a guarantee of good faith, as provided by Art. 15 of the Public Works Act. A tender once accepted, the contractor, as provided by Art. 23 of the same Act must give a guarantee, satisfactory to the Commissioners, for 250,000 hard dollars, or deposit said amount in the National Bank in cash or National Bonds at the price of the day.

3rd—The contractors will be bound to take from the Commissioners all the cement and bricks for the works, at 20 hard dollars per thousand bricks and 32 hard dollars per 1016 kilogrammes of cement (equal to an English ton) the bricks to be delivered at the stations of the Northern Railway.

4th—The materials which the contractors may import for the works must be inspected before being accepted, by the Commissioners, engineer, without any remuneration to the contractors. The Commissioners will obtain entry free of Customs duty for all materials for the works.

5th—The works must be constructed on the same plans and conditions as laid down for the tenders called for in February 1873.

6th—The bidders must bind themselves to finish the works within 20 months, to count from the day on which they receive the orders to begin them, subject to the penalties laid down in the conditions before mentioned, in case of not completing the works within the time specified, or of there being any difference or defect in construction.

7th—The contractors must take over all the materials, implements etc. which the Commissioners bought from Misers Newman, Medici & Co, on cancelling their contract, and at the price paid by the Commissioners. The inventory of these material etc can be had from the Commissioners Secretary.

8th—Those who intend to send in tenders can obtain every information from the Secretary.

9th—The contractors must send, at their own cost and time, an engineer to superintend the erection of the machinery and buildings, subject to the plans and models the Commissioners may select.

10th. The Contractors must guarantee the power and efficient working of the machinery for one year, and be responsible for any breakage caused by bad workmanship or materials, this responsibility to cease when the broken part is repaired with material of good quality and put in its place.

11th—Separate bids can be presented for the construction and erection of the machinery, as well as for the other works.

12th—The Commissioners reserve the right of accepting the tender they consider best for the public interests, and rejecting them all if they see fit so to do.

B. Ayres, Feb. 23, 1881.

Jy15 THE SECRETARY.

Aviso Municipal.
Impuesto de Patentes y Derecho de Visita.

Se previene al vecindario de la Capital, que la Municipalidad da como plazo improviogable para abonar el Derecho de Visita, y el Impuesto de Patentes, hasta el dia 31 de Marzo del corriente ano, despues de cuya fecha se cobraran dichas impuestos con la multa que la Ley ordena sin reclamo.

B. Aires, Febrero 11 de 1881.

EL SECRETARIO.

114 m31

LICITACION MUNICIPAL para el arriendo del Mercado del Plata. El Consejo de Admicistracion recibira propuestas cerradas, el Viernes 18 del presente Marzo, a la una de la tarde, para el arriendo del mercado denominado del Plata, por los nueve meses y dias, desde el 24 del mismo que vence el contrato con la Empresa Construciora, hasta el 31 de Diciembre proximo. El arriendo se hara por mensualidades adelantadas, debiendo el que obtenga la licitacion depositar como garantia del contrato en un Banco, y a disposicion del Presidente de la Municipalidad, el importe de dos de aquellas en billetes del Tesoro, Cedulas Hipotecarias, Bonos Municipales e moneda corriente. Los que quieran hacer propuestas deberan depositar en la Tesoreria Municipal la suma de veinte y cinco mil pesos m|c, como garantia de que el contrato sera firmado, y quedaran en favor de la Corporacion en caso de no pre entarse a hacerlo dentro de tercero dia, a contar desde aquel en que se le hiciera saber la aceptacion de su propuesta. Dicho deposito sera devuelto el mismo dia a aquellos cuyas propuestas no fueren aceptadas. Las cuestiones que puedan suscitarse entre el contratista y la Corporacion, seran resueltas administrativamente por esta. En cada propuesta debe senalarse el domicilio del proponente. La Corporacion se reserva el derecho de aceptar la propuesta que considere mas conveniente a los intereses que representa. Por otros datos los interesados pueden ocurrir a la Secretaria de la Corporacion. B. Aires, Marzo 3 de 1881. El Secretario.—N. b. La Municipalidad se reserva el derecho de aceptar la propuesta que considere mas ventajosa a los intereses que representa, como tambien el de rechazar todas las propuestas que se le hicieren. El Mercado tiene arordado un radio de seis cuadras a todos vientos y no hay tarifa establecida.

x42 m27

NOTICE TO SHEEPFARMERS—Sulphurous Black Soap, good and cheap, specially prepared for mixing with the tobacco used for curing scab in sheep. Manufactured by ARTHUR E. HILLIARD & Co., Great Southern Soap Factory, Calle Estados Unidos, Chascomus. Sold in tins of 40 lbs. each. Price $35 per tin.

g 169 a11

FOR SALE, a splendid Estancia in the Province of Santa Fe, ten leagues from San Nicolas, about the same from Pergamino, 2½ leagues of land, 7000 yards wide by 12,000 long, two leagues of it splendid camp, trebol and graunilla; splendid azotea house, containing several rooms, peons' department, one large galpon 60 by 20, one galpon 40 by